The Bombay Gazette

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

No. 11,512 New Series. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1885.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

TEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES.

Vessels.	Tons	H. P.	Captains.	FRIDAY 1885.
L. TASMANIA	4488	800	R. B. Haselwood	23rd Oct.
—ASSAM	3038	500	S. F. Cole	30th ,,
L. PESHAWUR	3900	600	L. H. Moule	6th Nov.
M. ROME	5013	1000	G. F. Cates	13th ,,
L. CLYDE	4121	800	E. M. Edmond	20th ,,
—GWALIOR	2733	500	P. Harris	27th ,,
L. HYDASPES	2984	500	G. Scrivener	4th Dec.
M. PARRAMATTA	4759	900	W. D. Anderson	11th ,,
L. ANCONA	3128	600	R. G. Murray	18th ,,
—NIZAM	2726	500	W. J. Webber	25th ,,

The steamers marked L proceed direct to London via Malta and those marked M via Marseilles. By the others passengers for London change vessels at Suez. All London steamers call at Plymouth.

A steam-barge will leave the Company's Dockyard, Mazagon, at 3 p.m., on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.

AM TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons	H.P.	Captains.	On 1885.
MALWA	2953	500	G. W. Atkinson	30th Oct.
MIRZAPORE	3857	600	R. Harvey	13th Nov.
CATHAY	2983	500	J. P. Hassall	27th ,,
NEPAUL	3536	600	T. J. Alderton	11th Dec.

Return Tickets are now issued at greatly reduced rates to all ports, for particulars of which apply to

G. F. JOHNSON,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, October 14, 1885.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

BRINDISI ROUTE.

THROUGH TICKETS from BOMBAY to LONDON *via* Brindisi, including the Continental Railway Fare, are now issued on favorable terms; and return tickets available for three and six months. Tickets can also be obtained which allow passengers to travel 1st class by the steamer and 2nd class by rail from Brindisi to London.

MARSEILLES ROUTE.

STEAMERS leave BOMBAY for MARSEILLES and LONDON direct every four weeks (see general advertisement), and the voyage to the former port is accomplished in 19 days in fair weather (21 days during the Monsoon). The Railway journey from Marseilles to London occupies about 27 hours.

Fares to London, by the sea route or *via* Marseilles, including the Railway Fare across the Continent:—First Class, Rs. 680. Second Class, Rs. 370.

Coupons for the Railway journey must be taken before leaving India.

Return Tickets are also issued, for particulars of which and all other information on the subject, apply to

G. F. JOHNSON,
Acting Superintendent, P. and O. S. N. Co.
Bombay, March 27, 1885.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA

SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Regular Mail-steamers leave BOMBAY on the 1st of each month at noon, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, APLES, GENOA, and MARSEILLES, starting from ENOA on the 24th of every month for BOMBAY.

FARE to all Ports of Italy and Marseilles, Rs. 500, s. 340, Rs. 150, for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine. Infants are allowed free. hildren over three and under ten years, half fare. amilies will be allowed liberal discount.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered ONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed the Handbooks.

A discount of 35, 20, and 10 per cent. is allowed assengers returning within three, six, and twelve months spectively, from the date of LANDING.

he following or other First Class Steamers will mbay:—

	Tons.	H.P.	
ANILLA	5,000	850	1st Nov. 1885.
HINA	5,000	850	1st Dec. 1885.
AFFAELE RUBATTINO	5,000	850	1st Jan. 1886.

Steam Launch leaves Apollo Bunder between 10 and 11 a.m. on the day of Sailing, with Passengers and heavy aggage.

Through Railway Tickets available for 17 days to ondon via Calais or Brighton, both from Genoa and aples, are issued here.

or Handbooks of information and other particulars ply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
soon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

STEAM TO ANTWERP OR LONDON *VIA* ANTWERP.

THE s.s. DUKE of DEVONSHIRE will sail for Antwerp about 27th October, and passages can be booked by her either for Antwerp or London.

The Steamer carries a Surgeon.

For particulars regarding passage money, &c., apply to
MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents for Commander.

STEAMER DIRECT TO MAURITIUS.

THE BOMBAY and PERSIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S Steamer KING ARTHUR, 1,047 tons, will sail for Mauritius on or about MONDAY, the 26th instant. For First and Second lass Passengers apply to the undersigned,

ABDOOL HOOSEIN HAJEE.
ZENAL ABADEEN SHIRAZEE, Agent.
Bombay and Persia Steam Navigation Co., Limited.
Bombay, 20th October, 1885.

ANCHOR LINE.

DIAN SERVICE BETWEEN BOMBAY, LIVERPOOL, AND MEDITERRANEAN

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND GLASGOW.

	Tons.	H.P.	Comdr.	1885.
s. VICTORIA	3212	480	Wm. Russel	31st Oct.

Can book through London (overland from Marseilles.)

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

	Tons.	H.P.	Comdr.	1885.
s. ASIA	3550	480	J. Craig	11th Nov.

To be followed by other first-class steamers at regular intervals.

For rates of passage and further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay, Oct. 2, 1885. Agents.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO by s.s. DUKE of DEVONSHIRE are hereby notified of her arrival om London, and that she is discharging in Prince's Dock. hey are requested to present their Bills of Lading for r countersignature, and to remove their cargo without elay.

All damaged goods must be surveyed by the Steamer's urveyor, Captain MACAULAY, before removal from e Dock premises, and all claims must be presented duly gned by the Commander previous to the steamer leaving port, after which no claim will be admitted.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents for Commander.
Bombay, 20th October, 1885.

HAVE A LOOK

AT OUR SILVER LEVER WATCH at Rs. 35 before buying, and you will give it the preference before any other.

The Watch as it is now, is the result of 20 years experience in the Indian watch trade, and we guarantee it to be the most perfect watch ever offered to the public for such a small outlay.

Being the manufacturers ourselves, the buyer obtains the watch from first hand. This explains its cheapness.

The Watches are of medium size in heavy engine turned silver cases, either hunting or half hunting. Guarantee 3 years.

To be obtained only direct from our firms at Bombay, Calcutta, and Secunderabad.

FAVRE LEUBA & CO.

HE BHOWNUGGUR COTTON MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is herbey given that an EXTRAordinary GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders in the Bhownuggur Cotton Manufacturing Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 7, Hummum-street, Bombay, on MONDAY, the 26th day of October, 1885, at twelve o'clock noon, to consider the Directors report circulated, and to pass the Special Resolutions thereto annexed if necessary.

By Order of the Board,
R. HYDE CHEETHAM & CO.,
Secretaries.
7, Hummum-street, Bombay, 17th October, 1885.

FRESH STOCK.

CONDENSED
UNSWEETENED MILK,
Guaranteed free from sugar and every foreign substance.

This milk surpasses all similar products on account of its highly nutritive properties, its unalterable good qualities and readiness in dissolving.

Per tin as. 7.

PHILLIPS AND COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE NEW LAND REVENUE POLICY OF THE BOMBAY GOVERNMENT:
TAXATION OF SUBSOIL WATER
AT THE
FORTHCOMING REVISION SETTLEMENTS IN GUJARAT,
BEING
A REPRINT OF ARTICLES AND LETTERS CHIEFLY FROM THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE*,
WITH
an Appendix containing the Resolutions of the Bombay Government, dated the 26th March and 25th July, 1884, respectively.
Price, 1 Re.; postage, 1 Anna.
Bombay Gazette Office, Rampart-row.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE AND KATTYWAR COAST.

S. S. "EUPHRATES," 803 tons, on FRIDAY 23rd October, 1885, at 11 a.m., calling at Veraval, Mangarole, Pore Bunder, and Cutch Mandvie, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "ASSYRIA," 1,495 tons, on Monday, 26th October, at 11 a.m., (unless delayed by non-arrival of outward English Mail) calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "NEVASA," 2,950 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 28th October, at 4 p.m., calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 22nd October, 1885. Agents.

COOK'S TRAVELLING TICKETS.

PASSAGES ENGAGED without charge for commission and THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED good for one or more passengers, any day, from any Railway Station in India to all parts of Europe, Egypt, Palestine, Japan, America, Australia, &c., allowing breaks of journey any where *en route* and available by ALL TRANS AND ANY LINE OF STEAMER.

Through Bookings to London *at the lowest possible fares.* Quotations and every information *re* Quarantine, Steamer Sailings, Sleeping Cars, &c., freely given. Cook's Coupons for nearly 800 Hotels. Pamphlet of routes with map, Ans. 4, post free.

Address—THOMAS COOK & SON,
BOMBAY: RAMPART-ROW, OPPOSITE WATSON'S HOTEL.
CALCUTTA: 10½, Old Court House Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GOLD JEWELLERY.

TREACHER & Co., Ld., have always on hand a very choice and select stock of the best London-made GOLD JEWELLERY. The Stock comprises—

JEWELLED GOLD BRACELETS, from Rs. 70 to Rs. 500 each.
PLAIN GOLD BRACELETS, from Rs. 50 to Rs. 250 each.
JEWELLED GOLD BANGLES, from Rs. 70 to Rs. 100 each.
PLAIN GOLD BANGLES, from Rs. 50 to Rs. 80 each.
GOLD NECKLETS in various pretty patterns, from Rs. 80 to Rs. 250 each.
JEWELLED GOLD LOCKETS—Different designs. Maltese Crosses, &c., from Rs. 50 to Rs. 300 each
PLAIN GOLD LOCKETS, all sizes, from Rs. 30 to Rs. 90 each.
JEWELLED GOLD DEMI-SUITES, Consisting of Brooch and Earrings, from Rs. 80 to Rs. 200 each.
PLAIN GOLD DEMI-SUITES, from Rs. 40 to Rs. 100 each.
JEWELLED "FICHU" BROOCHES—the present "rage" in London. "The neatest and sweetest little thing made"—*vide* Nina's London letter, from Rs. 30 to Rs. 120 each.
JEWELLED GOLD "HORSEY" BROOCHES, specially suited for Ladies attending Races, Sports, &c. Mounted with Diamonds, Pearls or Corals, from Rs. 36 to Rs. 120 each.
PLAIN GOLD "HORSEY" BROOCHES, from Rs. 25 to Rs. 50 each.
DIAMOND EAR STUDS, Single Stones, from Rs. 150 to Rs. 500 per pair.
JEWELLED GOLD EARRINGS, from Rs. 25 to Rs. 250 per pair.
PLAIN GOLD EARRINGS, from Rs. 20 to Rs. 50 per pair.
GOLD AND JEWELLED SCARF RINGS, from Rs. 15 to Rs. 100 each.
GOLD AND JEWELLED SCARF PINS, New and elegant design, from Rs. 25 to Rs. 100 each.
THE "NEW CRYSTAL" SCARF PINS, Gold mounts, various designs, Price Rs. 15 each.
HEMATITE HEAD SCARF PINS, Price Rs. 5 each.
SUITES OF SLEEVE LINKS, COLLAR AND SHIRT STUDS, Onyx mounted in gold. Price Rs. 63 cash.
SUITES OF WHITBY JET, mounted in gold, Price Rs. 20 cash.
Gold Links from Rs. 20 to Rs. 40 per pair.
,, Studs, set of 3, from Rs. 10 to Rs. 20.
,, Solitaires, set of 2, from Rs. 25 to Rs. 30.
,, Collar Studs from Rs. 7-8 to Rs. 10.
Gold and Jewelled Scarf Rings, from Rs. 52 to Rs. 68 each.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

GENUINE
HAVANNAH CIGARS.

MADE with the finest Tobacco and having a superb Flavour and Aroma, unsurpassed by any yet imported into India.

"TABASCO"	per Box of 50	Rs.	10 0
"LA GAZA"	,, ,, ,, 25	Rs.	4 0
"LA MIRANDA"	,, ,, ,, 25	Rs.	4 0

IMPORTED BY
KEMP & Co., Limited,
7, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

STANDARD
AERATED WATERS.

KEMP & Co., Limited, have recently erected new machinery embodying the latest inventions for the production of superior Aërated Waters.

The perfect purity of these beverages is first secured by FILTRATION, then passing through COLUMNS OF GRANULAR CHARCOAL, and then a SECOND FILTRATION. The water thus purified has been analytically examined and found in the most unfavourable seasons to be ABSOLUTELY FREED FROM ALBUMENOID NITROGEN. The water is then passed through machinery internally coated with silver and tin, where it receives its charge of gas, and from whence it is passed into the bottles without any organic or other contamination. Studious arrangements are also employed in the cleansing of the bottles, which, after being washed in several waters, are finally purified by placing over jets of pure water. NO CORKS ARE EVER USED A SECOND TIME.

The Company bottle Aërated Waters both in patent glass stoppered and in ordinary bottles, the price of each being the same, and the following are the prices of the different beverages:—

	Dozen.
Soda-water (5 grains per bottle) Potash-water (as Pharmacopœia) Plain Aërated-water	Rs. 0 12
Medicinal Soda-water (as Pharmacopœia) Artificial Seltzer-water Lemonade Lithia Water Tonic-water Ginger-ale Gingerade Raspberryade	,, 1 0
Bottles charged extra, but allowed for on return	,, 2 0

KEMP & CO., Limited,
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

MEDICINE CHESTS.

MANY hundreds of KEMP and Co.'s Medicine Chests are in use throughout India, and it is one of the customary precautions of life in this country, if residing or travelling at a distance from medical aid, to keep one of suitable dimensions always at hand.

The Company's Catalogue contains descriptions of thirty different patterns, comprising chests of Solid Leather, Plain and Polished Wood, and Block Tin. They vary in size from the small case for the pocket to the large chest for employers of labour, and in price from Rs. 6 to Rs. 130, filled.

Each Chest is furnished with a copy of "Kemp's Companion to the Medicine Chest" (3rd edition).

The Company have designed a special pattern of Chest for the remedies recommended in

"Moore's Family Medicine for India," of which the price filled is Rs. 22.

Also a special pattern for the remedies recommended in

Dr. G. Yeates Hunter's Domestic Medicine. Price, Rs. 75.

Intending purchasers are recommended to write for Catalogues, or to describe the purpose for which the Medicine Chest is required, and mention limit of price.

KEMP & CO., Limited,
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

THE ENGLISH COMEDY & VARIETY COMPANY.
FRIDAY, 23RD OCTOBER.
Under the Patronage of the President and Members of the Committee of the
INDIAN CONTINGENT RECEPTION FUND
On which occasion one-half of the gross receipts will be handed over to the Committee.
The Management of the P. V. T. Co. have kindly given the Theatre on this occasion FREE.
By Kind Permission of
COL. BIRCH
And Officers of H. M. 9th N. I. Regiment.
The Band of the Regiment will attend.
PROGRAMME.
The performance will commence with the sparkling operetta entitled
THE CHINA CRAZE.
GRAND MUSICAL AND TERPISCHOREAN MELANGE.
To conclude with the Screaming Farce
PEACE AT ANY PRICE OR TRY NO. 1.
Box plan now open at SOUNDY & Co., Ld.

AUCTION SALE OF COALS.

ON SATURDAY, the 24th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION at Clarke Basin Bunder by order of the concerned and on account and risk of Mr. Moosa Valley.

About 450 Tons Davisons West Hartley Coals.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

GENTLEMEN who have SUBSCRIBED towards the LORD RIPON RECEPTION and MEMORIAL FUND and have not as yet paid their subscription will be good enough to pay the same either to the Bank of Bombay or to the undersigned, as it is desirable now that the amount of subscriptions should be fully collected as rapidly as possible.

Yours faithfully,
HURKISONDAS NURROTUMDAS,
One of the Hony. Secretary.
Lord Ripon Reception & Memorial Fund.

BOMBAY GAZETTE
OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY* prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe contains, in addition to all the News of the Week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance) Rs. 12
Single Copy ....Annas 4
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Rampart-Row, Fort.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under the scale.

MAHABLESHWUR READY-LAID DAK.—Framjee Ardaseer, Mail Contractor, appointed Dak Supplier in ordinary to H. E. the Governor of Bombay, has always on hand at Civil Lines, Poona, comfortable DAK PHAETONS and TONGAS. Terms moderate.

PEROSHAW BURJORJEE, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier, to H. E. the Rt. Hon'ble Lord Reay, Governor of Bombay. Most comfortable Phaeton and Tonga. Dawks ready laid for Mahableshwar, Panchgani and Satara, on moderate terms. Address Main-street, Poona.

HOME SHAMPOOER.—By a simple and ingenious contrivance the Head Bath with all its luxurious effects is brought into every dressing-room Rs. 13.—BARTON & Co., Limited, Bombay and Poona.

MARINE LINES.—HOUSE, TO LET, for November, Sea side. Rent very moderate. Apply "A. B. C.," *Gazette.*

HAM, BACON and CHEESE, fresh supply, Ices, Pastry Draught Beer and Porter. At BYCULLA CO-OPERATIVE STORES.

WANTED, a SHOP MANAGER, and a MALLEE Portuguese preferred. Apply to CURSETJEE MAJOO, opposite Oriental Bank.

ICE CREAMS, Pastry, Biscuits, Tea, Coffee, Hot Patties, Crystallized Fruit in fancy Boxes.—PALLONJEE, Confectioner, Elphinstone Circle.

ICE.—This trying season is the best to enjoy a glass of Ice-cream. Always ready, four kinds. At VIENNA ICE-CREAM SALOON, Church-gate-street.

PARUCK'S FANCY BAZAAR, Esplanade Cross-road—Have you been any time to the Fancy Bazaar? Yes I've been there many a time. He sells very good things.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL, BOMBAY.—I have stayed twice at the G. W. Hotel. I consider is the best Hotel in India for attendance and table.—S. Huskisson, Lt.-Col., 1st Middlesex Regt.

COME and SEE our new Scent Cases, Pin Cushions Tassels, Plush Bags, Plush Inkstands, Money Purses, Pocket Companions, Thimble Cases, all latest novelties.—SHROFF BROTHERS.

TO-DAY'S ICES, Almond and Strawberry Cream, Cherry Water Ice, Dolls, Mechanical Toys, fancy articles, Leather goods, Perfumery, Jewellery.—MORENAS & Co., 15, Meadow-street.

ESSENCE OF LONG LIFE.—For all derangements of the stomach, liver, impurity of blood, headache, chronic diarrhœa and dysentery. Price Re. 1.—COLLETT & Co., Ld., 40, Meadow-street, Fort.

VISIT THE CASH BAZAAR, Limited, Fort, and compare their prices with what you have been accustomed to pay elsewhere. New goods coming in by every Mail. Fifty thousand patterns to select from.

FOR SALE.—A choice assortment of kerosine wall and hanging lamps, electro-plated ware, glass and fancy-goods at Manufacturers' prices. Apply to the Export Agency Co., Limited, 3, Hummum-street, Fort, Bombay.

BOMBAY YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—Social Meeting with Music, Readings, &c., in Lecture Hall, Apollo-bunder, this (Friday) evening, at half-past eight. Open to all including Ladies. Admission eight annas to be paid at the doors.

WANTED, good SPINNING MASTER, Address SPINNER, *Bombay Gazette.*

SCHWEPPES Ærated Waters, Ginger Ale, Sodawater, Lithia, Tonic, as used by the Royal Family. Prices moderate.—STEWARD and Co.

WANTED a young ENGLISH LADY as Companion. Good references required. Address VERITAS. Post Office, Hyderabad, Deccan.

ADELPHI HOTEL, BYCULLA, near the Byculla and Grant-road Railway Stations, situate in a quiet locality, large airy rooms.

REDUCED PRICES.—Trimmed Hats and Bonnets. Mrs. COULSON, Milliner and Dressmaker, Carnac-road, near Crawford Market.

CEYLON TEA.—Rangalla Estate. Sample Tins of 6lbs. can be obtained from the Wholesale Agents, PHIPSON & Co., Bombay. Rs. 7-8 per tin.

"BOMBAY HOTEL," Fort.—For Officers and Families rooms open on all sides. Terms Rs. 3 to Rs. 4 per day. Every attention paid to Travellers.

SUNSHADES.—A large and really choice assortments just to hand, latest productions, Rs. 7-8 to Rs. 25 each BADHAM, PILE & Co., Limited, Rampart-row, Bombay.

BAEL FRUIT PRESERVE.—An elegant remedy for bowel complaint, a remedy for chronic Dysentery and Diarrhœa.—FERNANDES & CO, Chemists, &c., Bombay.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1885. Price, Rs. 5, with postage Rs. 5-4. To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

HOMEWARD BOUND.—Gladstone Bags, Deck Chairs Portmanteaus, Overland Trunks. Most moderately priced. JOHN MAHOMED and Co., 16, Meadow-street, Fort.

POTTED MEATS.—Partridge, Turkey, Turkey and Tongue, Veal and Ham, Potted Salmon, Bloaters, Shrimp Paste.—PEARSE and Co., Apollo-street.

PRICE CURRENT.—Published once a week, contains shipping arrivals, departures, exports, imports, and other commercial news. Subscription, Rs. 12 per year.

£6 466 527-17-5 STG. is the amount of the Invested Funds of the Standard Life Office. Claims by death paid last year £549,974-10-10 Stg.

CLEARANCE SALE.—Hurgovun Vanmali & Co., Esplanade Cross-road, are closing their millinery and dressing department and disposing of their stock for next to nothing. Come early.

BATH-TUBS.—Galvanized-iron Bath-Tubs with swivel handles, for district use. Strong and serviceable. Rs. 8, 10, 12, and 15 each. J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

BEST, cheapest House in Bombay for Gold, Silver Jewellery, Phulkaris, Persian Carpets, Indian shawls. Bukhara stone, Necklace (a New Novelty.)—Herjimull & Co., Rampart-row, Bombay.

KEROSINE OIL, for cash only, 150 Degrees Snowflake, Rs. 4-8, Refined 125 Degrees Rs. 3-8, for sale. Apply to NANSEE KHYRAZ & Co., 13, Meadow-street, One case contains two Tins of Oil.

NATIVE ART POTTERY WORKS, Wonderland Esplanade, Native Shapes and Designs, Medals Paris 1878, Amsterdam 1883, Calcutta 1883-84. Address Head Clerk, Pottery Works, Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay.

BOMBAY GAZETTE BI-WEEKLY, cheap edition for up-country readers, published twice a week, same size as the *Gazette* Daily. Subscription Rs. 12 per year; postage, Rs. 3.

ATTENTION! SELLING OFF! Zephyrs, Cambrics, & Pompadours, strong and fast possible colour, latest style for ladies' dresses; at 4 annas per yard, net cash or V. P. Samples free on application. Try at Y. A. LACKA & Co.

A QUADRILLE PARTY will be held on the 23rd instant, at 9 p.m. Local Time, at the B. B. and C. I. Railway Mechanic's Institute, Parel. Tickets to be had at the door at Rs. (2) two, admitting one Gentleman and Ladies. East Yorkshire Band in attendance.

CHOCOLATE and MILK, Cocoa and Milk, Cocoatina, West India Arrowroot, Pearl Barley, Scotch Oatmeal, Baking Powder, Egg Powder.—PEARSE & Co., Apollo-street.

ELECTRO-PLATE.

TREACHER and Co., Limited, purchase only the best Goods from the leading Manufacturers; their present large stock is of the same superior quality as heretofore; for elegance and novelty of design and variety for selection it is unsurpassed by any House in India.

		Rs. a.		Rs. a.
Aghdans	from	25 0	to	30 0
Army and Navy Cups	,,	16 0	to	35 0
Assiettes	,,	50 0	to	100 0
Beer Jugs	,,	45 0	to	70 0
Beer Mugs	,,	10 8	to	28 0
Biscuit Boxes	,,	20 0	to	80 0
Bottle Holders	,,	18 0	to	25 0
Bottle Labels	,,	1 4	to	4 0
Brandy and Soda Frames	,,	50 0	to	70 0
Bread Baskets	,,	40 0	to	70 0
Breakfast Cruets	,,	13 8	to	28 0
Breakfast Dishes	,,	40 0	to	60 0
Butter Coolers	,,	16 0	to	30 0
Butter Knives	,,	2 8	to	7 0
Cake Baskets	,,	40 0	to	70 0
Call Bells	,,	7 8	to	12 0
Candlesticks	,,	50 0	to	60 0
Carlton Cruets	,,	13 8	to	28 0
Cheese Scoops	,,	2 8	to	20 0
Children's Mugs	,,	13 8	to	40 0
Christening Presents	,,	10 0	to	100 0
Chutney Frames	,,	25 0	to	50 0
Cigar Lamps	,,	25 0	to	40 0
Claret Jugs	,,	18 0	to	40 0
Cocktail Shakers	,,	18 0	to	30 0
Cruet Stands	,,	20 0	to	70 0
Crumb Scoops	,,	12 8	to	25 0
Dessert Fruit Spoons, sets of	,,	25 0	to	60 0
Dessert Knives and Forks, sets of	,,	40 0	to	100 0
Dessert Stands	,,	36 0	to	70 0
Dinner Cruets	,,	32 0	to	100 0
Dish Covers	,,	40 0	to	60 0
Dishes, revolving lid	,,	90 0	to	110 0
Egg Boilers or Steamers	,,	29 0	to	35 0
Egg Frames	,,	18 0	to	60 0
Entree Dishes, sets of 4	,,	250 0	to	600 0
Epergnes	,,	100 0	to	200 0
Fish Carvers	,,	16 0	to	35 0
Fish-Eating Knives and Forks, sets of	,,	50 0	to	150 0
Flower Stands	,,	40 0	to	100 0
Fruit Stands	,,	36 0	to	70 0
Goblets	,,	28 0	to	100 0
Golf Cups	,,	20 0	to	80 0
Holster Flasks	,,	7 8	to	8 8
Ice Claws	,,	7 8	to	10 0
Ice Hammers	,,	7 8	to	10 0
Ice Jugs	,,	36 0	to	100 0
Ice Pails	,,	18 0	to	30 0
Ice Spoons, sets of	,,	40 0	to	60 0
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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, OCT. 22.

BUSINESS was suspended here owing to Hindu and Mahomedan holidays from the day following the departure of last mail until the morning of Tuesday the 20th instant, so that we have only now three days' transactions to report upon. Nor have these been at all of an extensive character. An average business is passing in Imports, but Exports display extreme quietness, a low level of Exchange and somewhat cheaper Freights failing to maintain activity in the face of the very dull advices received by telegraph from the leading European markets. Wheat, however, will probably prove more workable before long, under the influence of the increased supplies which the opening of the storage pits up-country is beginning to render available; and Cotton, too, cannot long maintain the existing premium on home values. In the Bengal and Omrawuttee districts picking is becoming very general, and by the termination of the Dewali holidays, three weeks hence, we shall probably have about as much new Cotton forward as will cover all the future delivery contracts made by *bona fide* exporters this season. This no doubt is a very exceptional state of things, as an early crop has generally had the effect of rendering dealers free sellers in advance; but in this instance large forward sales could only have been effected at a reduction from nominal current values which few people liked to face, and the result is that we have the prospect of a healthier Cotton season before us than for some years past. With no large forward sales to deliver against, sellers will have to accept legitimate market prices for their Cotton as it comes to hand, and the trade therefore will be on a safer basis throughout, especially if we have, as there seems every reason to anticipate, a large crop to handle. With last year's experience to go upon, it is too early yet to talk of probable out-turns in figures, and that we are not yet past a very critical period of the season is brought prominently before us in the fact that an inch of rain fell in Omrawuttee and neighbourhood last night—still, leaving out possibilities and accepting probabilities as they stand, we may take it that we shall have between 400,000 and 500,000 bales more Cotton to go forward this season than last. What this may mean to Bombay, or indeed to the whole country, is difficult to appreciate with any degree of exactitude. In Exchange it means the equivalent of fully 3 millions sterling additional finance; in Freights an increase of 40,000 to 60,000 tons steamer tonnage; and roughly speaking it puts over 2 millions sterling into the pockets of the agriculturists on this side of India. Not the least important influence in Bombay itself will be the beneficial effect on our local Cotton Mills, which for the past twelve months have had to contend with the double disadvantage of dear Cotton and low prices for Goods and Yarns. In the coming season this position ought to be in some measure reversed—a most important feature in the local outlook considering the large amount of capital invested in the industry.

MONEY.—Last Bank of Bombay return showed no alteration of any importance, and we still call the market very easy with no immediate prospect of change. Looking to the favorable appearance our crops present at the moment, there can be no doubt that considerable financial power will be required to carry us through next season, but until produce begins to come forward in large quantities, say about February next, there is nothing in trade prospects to induce anticipations of materially higher rates of discount. How the position of Government finance may affect the ordinary market is much more problematical in view of the likelihood of an expedition to Burmah, but even allowing for that it wont be the price of money which will stand in the way of active business during the export season of 1885-86.

EXCHANGE.—The result of the daily fluctuations in sterling is that we close to an advance of 1-32d. in bank bills and 1-16d. in private paper on the quotations of last Thursday, when Bank demand stood at 1s. 6 3-16d., 3 months' Credits at 1s. 6 11-32d. On mail-day, with advise from London of Bar Silver having advanced ⅛d. to 47 9-16d. per oz., and an indisposition on the part of the banks to enter on commitments of any moment before the holidays a rise of 1-16d. was established. During the holidays purchases of Council drafts were reported from London at daily advancing rates, so that on Tuesday we opened firm at Friday's top quotation for bank bills and a further rise of 1-16d. in mercantile paper. The effect of making this difference was simply to check business both ways, remitters having as little inducement to operate on one hand as sellers of private bills on the other. Still the former were the more disposed to operate, and yesterday a decidedly weak tone was apparent at a decline of 1-16d. all round. This morning, the news that the biddings for Council bills in London yesterday had resulted in the 25 lakhs being placed at 1s. 6¼d. instead of the 1s. 6 3-16d. to 7-32d. generally anticipated, imparted a somewhat steadier tone to the market. Not only has the decline been checked but in bank bills a partial recovery of 1-32d. has taken place, the following being closing rates for ready bills today:—

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Do.	6 "	1s. 6 9-16d.	"
Documents	3 "	1s. 6 7-16d.	"
Do.	6 "	1s. 6 19-32d.	"
Francs	3 "	1·94¼	"
Do.	6 "	1·96¼	"

For future delivery the standard difference made is 1-32d. per rupee per month up to April, but neither on this basis nor in ready paper is there a large amount of bills being negotiated. What is doing is more in the way of bank bills for remittance than the sale of Merchants bills, which, so far as it goes, indicates anticipations of rates being lower before they are higher. Nevertheless, as we had occasion to remark a week ago, the general estimate of the future has much more of confidence in it than when rates were ½d. per rupee higher,
few people now base their calculations for the
season on any serious decline from the pre-

ver from London is now quoted at
oz., and the shipments for this side
are reported at £160,000 for Bom-
Calcutta.
R.—There has not been much
, speculation being with-
t the market has ruled
e not fluctuated more
e. At the close we
-16, delivery at the
In Fours-and a-
somewhat wider.
cannot quote to-

greatly cur-
ur quota-
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re is no
ys remain at
ationals at
steady in
re active
some

and Queen Rs. 10 lower,
ents have been in favor of
India and Mazagon have im-
proved Rs. 2½, Alliance Rs. 5, Dhurrumsey, Khandeish, Manockjee Petit, Great Eastern and Oriental Rs. 10, Jewraz Balloo Rs. 12½, Bombay United and Sholapore Rs. 20, City of Bombay Rs. 25, and Morarjee Goculdass Rs. 30 per share. The report of the last named Company for the year ending 30th June last has just been published, and considering the adverse markets they have had to contend with the managers have reason to congratulate themselves on the successful results of their working. On a capital of 11½ lakhs a gross profit of Rs. 2,23,270-14-4 has been earned from which a dividend at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum is proposed leaving in round figures Rs. 73,000 to be carried to various deterioration and renewal accounts. This shows that with careful prudent management and due consideration of market requirements in the classes of Goods and Yarns produced, the industry has still a fair margin of profit. The mistake which most concerns make is in restricting their production to a few leading descriptions of cloth and counts of Yarns in which the competition is carried to the utmost. When markets are "booming" the ordinary Bombay Mill Spinning its average of 20s does very well, but when times run plat those who have devoted themselves to making special articles to suit different requirements find their reward. The *Miscellaneous* list has few changes noted Bombay-Burmah Trading Company shares have fluctuated rapidly with the alternating character of the telegrams from Burmah and at the close are quoted at Rs. 3,675 for first issue a decline of Rs. 175 on the week. Kemp & Co., Ld., are Rs. 2 easier at Rs. 304. Flour Mills are all unchanged.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—Business in Cotton Goods both ready and forward has been considerably circumscribed by the three days holidays, but we have still to report a very steady tone all round and from the bazaar the clearances are put at about 3,500 packages in the aggregate. Prices are not quotably altered in any particular, but sellers show considerable firmness, only accepting offers at full market rates. For distant shipment the market is scarcely so active as it was a fortnight ago, the easier tone in Manchester and weaker reports regarding the raw staple inducing indentors to hold off for a reduction in prices which so far is not freely obtainable.

In Grey cloths Shirtings as before meet the bulk of the demand. Bleached Goods having been going into consumption very freely particularly the lower qualities of Mulls. Prints are in fair request, Dyed Goods scarcely so firm.

Local made Goods have improved slightly both in tone and price, heavy cloths bringing As. 7 to As. 7¼ per lb. Dhoties and finer makes As. 8½ to As. 9 per lb.

TWIST.—English Yarns are pretty steady but not active. Some of the lower counts of Mule are a trifle easier in value but otherwise rates are unchanged. Local Spinnings are in very good request at former prices, the business of the week being about 5,000 packages. Current prices are:—

			As.	As.
Twist		No. 10s	5 3-16	to 5 7-16
"	and Water	" 20s	5 15-16	to 6 7-16
"		" 24s	6¼	to 6¾
"		" 30s	6¾	to 7⅛

METALS.—*Copper* continues week under the influence of home advices and Braziers at Rs. 33-8 to Rs. 34, show a decline of As. 4 to As. 8 per cwt. *Yellow Metal* exhibits a similar decline at Rs. 29 to Rs. 29-8 per cwt. *Iron* has been steadier and English Bars have in some cases brought rather more money, but generally values are unaltered.

COAL.—The demand is not very active, but sellers have shown more firmness latterly and have succeeded in establishing an advance of As. 8 per ton to arrive. Davison's West Hartley has been sold up to Rs. 15, and Cardiff from Rs. 15 to Rs. 15½ per ton alongside. Bunder stocks are large, somewhere in the neighbourhood of 70,000 tons.

EXPORTS.

COTTON.—For a day or two during the holidays the home advices were rather more encouraging in tone and had business been open something would probably have been done on speculation. As it was transactions were confined to a few isolated transactions mostly in new Bengals and after a nominal rise of Re. 1 to Rs. 2 per candy, prices are back to about the level of last Thursday. In the way of ready buying the local mills continue practically the only operators the prices they have to pay for decent qualities owing to the paucity of stocks being a long way above home rates. Nor for future shipment are the offers coming in from Europe such as to admit of simultaneous operation on the part of shippers. According to private reports the enquiry on the other side for Bengals which is almost the only growth receiving much attention has been feely met by Calcutta sellers on the basis of 3 11-16 per lb. C and F which would require a decline of Rs. 5 per candy from current figures here to show any margin. This state of affairs cannot be maintained for any length of time, however, should the crop continue to progress as it is now doing. Picking is general both in the Bengal districts and the Berars which will mean fair supplies in the course of another month, and as dealers have few forward sales to fall back upon they will have to let arrivals go at market prices.

The Chamber of Commerce weather and crop reports issued this morning are very encouraging in tone. Since they were despatched we hear rain has fallen in Omrawuttee, to the extent of an inch, but it appears to have been very local and the only damage it will entail will be some black leaf and stain in the earliest pickings—made up mostly of the short stapled variety.

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparisons with the two previous years:—

	1885.	1884.	1883.
Receipts.			
For the week B.	5,418	5,611	12,484
Since 1st January B.	1,000,031	1,550,213	1,513,572
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the week B.	112	480	3,050
Since 1st January B.	6,83,929	11,477,32	1,203,256
Clearances to Calcutta, China, &c.			
For the week B.	464	1,250	190
Since 1st January B.	56,051	93,759	78,693

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed Cotton with the equivalents in Sterling, Cost and Freight to Liverpool, via Canal, without commission:—

		per Candy.	per lb. C. & F.
Old—			
Omra Good	Ready	Rs. 195	4 17-32d.
Do. F. G. F.	do.	" 185	4 5-16d.
Julgaum, F. G. F.	do.	" 184	4 9-32d.
Dholiera, Good	do.	" 197	4 19-32d.
Ginned Dharwar, Good	do. (Nominal)..	" 202	4 11-16d.
Westerns, Good	do.	" 195	4 17-32d.
Do. F. G. F.	do.	" 193	4½d.
New Crop			
Bengal Fine	January	" 171	4 1-32d.
Do. Fully Good	do.	" 165	3 29-32d.
Do. Good	do.	" 159	3 25-32d.
Omra do.	March	" 187	4 7-16d.
Broach do.	do.	" 215	5 1-16d.
Dholiera do.	April	" 192	4 9-16d.

PLACE.	Rainfall past 3 days.	Total Rainfall to-date.	Average yearly Rainfall.	WEATHER.
	In.	In.	In.	
Agra	..	31·02	25·66	....
Delhi	..	28·78	26·92	....
Cawnpore	..	40·70	29·19	Cloudy but no rain.
Nagpore	..	39·50	44·51	Looks like rain.
Amraoti	..	29·55	32·09	Looks like rain. Sudden unfavorable change.
Khangaum	..	24·14	28·55	Cloudy but no rain.
Barsi	..	29·51	23·03	Looks like rain. Unusually hot.
Bellary	..	27·10	17·64	Bright, no sign of rain.
Hubli	..	21·11	26·45	
Dhulia	...	17·46	20·97	Bright, no sign of rain.
Julgaon	...	25·50	35·38	Do.
Broach	...	36·07	39·62	Bright, no sign of rain. Seasonable weather.
Wudwan	...	28·35	18·43	Do.
Veramgaum	...	29·78	31·89	......
Dhollera	...	29·01	32·96	......
Bhownugger	...	26·29	26·75	Bright, no sign of rain. Seasonable weather.

CROP REPORTS.

AGRA—No change to report.

DELHI— Do.

CAWNPORE—Supplies of Cotton slowly increasing. Wheat requires rain.

NAGPORE—Cotton plants ready for picking and could scarcely look better. Linseed requires rain. Crop prospects generally good.

AMRAOTI—Cotton plants ready for picking. Picking general.

KHANGAUM—Cotton plants show bolls rapidly ripening. Picking commenced freely. Food grains doing well.

BARSI—Cotton plants ready for picking.

BELLARY—Cotton plants flourishing. Food grains doing well.

HUBLI—No change since last telegram.

DHULIA—Cotton plants show bolls rapidly ripening. Crop prospects generally good.

JULGAON—Cotton plants flourishing and show bolls rapidly ripening. Wheat being sown. Food grains doing well.

BROACH—Cotton plants flourishing. Food grains doing well.

WUDWAN—Cotton plants flourishing. Second sowings doing well.

VERAMGAUM—Rain and crop reports same as last telegram.

DHOLLERA— Do. do.

BHOWNUGGER—Cotton plants flourishing and in flower. Crop prospects generally good. All crops doing well.

WHEAT:—Although Freights have declined slightly and arrivals are on the increase again, the dulness in Europe checks business, and the market latterly has been flat at a partial decline of As. 4 per candy. We quote to-day:—No 1 Soft White Rs. 26⅞ to Rs. 27¼, Soft Red, Rs. 25 to Rs. 25½, Laskari. Rs. 24¼, Hard Red, Rs. 21½ per candy.

SEEDS:—*Linseed.*—The demand has been slacker again latterly resulting in only a very moderate business. Ready we quote Rs. 6-13, April-May new crop Rs. 6-0½ per cwt. *Rapeseed* is dull. Old Guzerat yellow we quote Rs. 6-2 to Rs. 6-3, Cawnpore, Rs 5-11 to Rs. 5-12, Red Rs. 5 to Rs. 5-1. New Guzerat April-May is quoted at Rs. 6-3 per cwt. *Gingelly* is still coming in very slowly and prices do not as yet tempt free buying. For New White November to January delivery we quote, Rs. 36½. Mixed Rs. 35 per candy.

The comparative imports of Wheat and Seeds are as follows:—

		1885.	1884.	1883.
heat—For the week	cwt. ..	378,650	126,166	96,331
Since 1st Jan.	" ..	9,795,475	6,641,609	9,006,429
ed—For the week	" ..	49,389	51,920	22,163
Since 1st Jan.	" ..	4,785,171	3,842,803	3,832,829
eed—For the week	" ..	15,285	28,154	
Since 1st Jan.	" ..	1,459,029	992,696	
—For the week	" ..	4,898	9,398	9,275
Since 1st Jan.	" ..	1,007,717	806,423	975,754

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steam-ship Bhownuggur, 108 tons, Nacoda, sailed yesterday for Bhownuggur with a general cargo and 110 deck passengers.

THE B. I. S. N. Co's steam-ship Euphrates, 499 tons, Captain H P. Jones, sails to-day for Kurrachee with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr. H G H Lught, Lt French and 82 deck passengers.

THE B I S. N. Co's steam-ship Sirdhana, 1,972 tons, Captain J B. McKay, sailed yesterday for Coast and Calcutta with a general cargo and the following passengers:—R McMahow, Lt-Col T C Keyser, Lt Browne, and 23 deck passengers.

DEPARTURES.

Oct.	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
22	Futtay Isslamo Bhownuggur (s) Sirdhana (s)	Nacoda Nacoda	Damaun. Bhownuggur. Calcutta & Coasts.

The steam-ship Euphrates, Jones, obtained her port-clearance yesterday for Kurrachee.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—
Steamer Chilka, for Aden, Jeddah, and Suakim.
" Malwa, for China.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—OCT. 22.

Fraser, Major, 4th Bl Infy, on furlough, from Jhansi.

Donaldson, Bgde-Surgn, Bl M S, from Agra.

Cavendish, Lt, Bl, H L Infy, on leave, from Deolali.

Denne, Lt, 4th Mad Cavy, to proceed on furlough, from Kamptee.

DEPARTURES.—OCTOBER 18.

Foord, Col, Bl, 23rd Regt N I, on leave, to Nagpore.

OCTOBER 20.

Prior, Capt, Bo, 2nd N Staffordshire, on duty, to Mhow.

OCTOBER 22.

Harvey, Surgn-Major, Bl I M D, to rejoin, to Calcutta.

James, Lt, Bl, 2nd Manch Regt, on duty, to Mooltan.

Corbett, Capt, Bl, S York, to rejoin, to Dinapore.

Daby, Lt, 2nd Bl Rl Irish, on duty, to Subathu.

McLeod, Surgn-Major, Bl M Dept, to rejoin, to Calcutta.

Winter, Lt, Mad R A, Hyd Cont, to rejoin, to Ellichpore.

Saunders, Surgn-Major, Bo M S, to rejoin, to Mhow.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Major F. S. Hore, Comdt., B. V. R. C.

Bombay, October 23.

The annual reports for 1884-85 are ready for issue at Head-quarters.

The following members having joined are taken on the strength of the Corps from this date and posted to Company as follows viz:—Vols A. Wood and N. Wood, E. Company.

The Prospectus of East India Railway Vols Rifle Corps can be seen at Head Quarters.

Lieut. G. Lund will take Command of E. Company during the absence of Capt. W. G Roughton on leave.

By order,
R. S. BROWN, Captain,
Offg. Adjutant, B. V. R. C.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Govt. Gazette*, Oct. 22.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The undermentioned Medical Warrant officer is allowed furlough to Europe for twelve months on medical certificate:—Assist Apothy W. McEvoy, Subordinate Medical Dept.

The undermentioned Medical officers of the Medical Staff are brought on the strength of H M's Forces in the Bombay Command with effect from the 7th Oct 1885, the date of their arrival at Bombay:—Surgns D R Hamilton, R G Thompson, C T Blackwell, and R J Power.

H E the Rt Hon the Govr in Council is pleased to direct that in future the 1st and 2nd Regts Sind Horse shall be designated, respectively, the 4th and 5th Bombay Cavy (Jacob's Risala).

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Capt E D Newnham Smith is appointed to be substantive pro tem Second-in-Command, Savantvadi Local Corps, and ex-officio Assist to the Political Supt, Savantvadi.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Lieut C E Peirse, S C, 1st Sind Horse, has been appointed, with effect from the 15th Sept to act as Cant Magte at Jacobabad during the absence of Lieut G F A Gavin, or until further orders.

Lieut Peirse is also appointed to be a Magte of the First Class, under Sec 12 of Act X of 1882, within the limits of the Military Cantonment of Jacobabad.

Dr A D Pollen, Special Judge under the Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act, and Acting Judge and Sessions Judge of Poona and Agent for Sardars in the Deccan, is allowed furlough for eighteen months from the 13th Novr next.

Mr Narsingrao Krishna Vinchurkar, First Class Sardar in the Deccan, is appointed to be a Special Magte.

A'zam Anandrao Pandurang, Actg Head Karkun of taluka Bhusaval in the district of Khandesh, is appointed to be a Magte of the Third Class in the district of Khandesh.

Rao Saheb Gopal Ganesh Soman delivered over charge of the second class Subordinate Judge's Court at Malvan in the district of Ratnagiri on the 30th ult.

Rao Saheb Mahadev Shridhar Kulkarni delivered over charge of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Jalgaon in the district of Khandesh on the 2nd inst.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to make the following appointments of Clerks of the Subordinate Judges' Courts in the Sholapur-Bijapur Dist, with effect from the 1st Nov 1885:—Mr Appaji Narsinvha, Clerk of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Bagalkot, is appointed to do duty as Clerk of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Bijapur vice Mr Shripatrao Narayan; Mr Shripatrao Narayan is appointed to be Clerk of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Bagalkot vice Mr Appaji Narsinvha; and Mr Ramchandra Bhimrao, Head Karkun of the Bagalkot Subordinate Judge's Court, is appointed to be substantive pro tem. Clerk of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Muddebihal vice Mr Krishnarao Narayan, retired on pension.

Rao Saheb Harisukhram Manekram Mehta delivered over charge of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Jambusar in the Surat Dist on the 18th ult.

Rao Saheb Ramchandra Ballal Bhagwat assumed charge of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Jalgaon in the Khandesh Dist on the 5th inst.

Rao Saheb Pandurang Dhonddev Gadgil relinquished charge of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court of Sangameshvar in the Ratnagiri Dist on the 5th inst.

The Rt Hon the Gov in Council is pleased to confirm the appointment made by the Hon the Chief Justice of H M's High Court of Judicature at Bombay, of Mr C E G Crawford, second grade Assist Judge and Acting Registrar of the High Court, Appellate Side, to be Registrar of the High Court, Appellate Side, with effect from the date of Mr Fulton's appointment to be a third grade Judge.

The Rt Hon the Gov in Council is pleased to confirm the appointment made by the Hon the Chief Justice of H M's High Court, of Rao Saheb Krishnamukhram Atmaram Mehta, second class Subordinate Judge of Surat, to act as Assist Registrar on the Appellate Side of the High Court and Supt of the High Court Press in the place of Mr A K Oliver, acting as Assist Commr for taking Accounts on the Original Side.

Rao Bahadur Motilal Lalbhai delivered over charge of the first class Subordinate Judge's Court at Ahmedabad on the 5th inst.

Rao Saheb Sitanath Gopinath Ajinkya and Rao Saheb Mahadev Shridhar Kulkarni respectively delivered over and received charge of the second class Subordinate Judge's Court at Junnar in the Poona Dist on the 10th inst.

Rao Saheb Kashinath Balkrishna Marathe and Rao Saheb Pandurang Dhonddu Gadgil respectively delivered over and received charge of the second class Subordinate Judge's Court at Yeola in the Nasik Dist on the 12th inst.

Sir F H Souter, Knight, CSI delivered over charge of the office of Commr of Police, Bombay, on the 15th inst.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Mr W H A Wallinger, Depy Consvr of Forests, first grade, is allowed privilege leave of absence for three months, with effect from the 11th inst.

Mr W A Boulton, Assist Supt, Sind Revenue Survey, is promoted from the second to the first grade of Assist Supnt, with effect from the 1st Aug 1885.

Mr. G. Berrie, Assist Supnt, Sind Revenue Survey, is promoted from the second to the first grade of Assist Supt with effect from the 1st Aug 1885, but he will be entitled to draw the pay and allowances of the first grade from the 17th idem.

Mr. A. L. P. Tucker, C. S., passed an examination in Kánarese on the 12th inst.

Mr. Narsingrao Bholánáth Divátia, C. S., passed an examination in Maráthi on the 12th inst.

The following appointments are made in the Registration Dept:—

Mr. Janárdan Rámchandra, third grade Special Sub-Registrar of Pátan in the Sátara Dist., to be fifth grade Special Sub-Registrar of Tasgaon in the same district.

Mr. Lakshman Hari, Karkun in the Satara Registry Office, to be fifth grade Probationary Special Sub-Registrar of Patan in the Satara Dist.

Mr Vamnaji Vithal, third grade Special Sub-Registrar of Karjat in the Thana Dist to be fourth grade Special Sub-Registrar of Khanapur in the Satara Dist.

Mr Pandurang Narhar, fourth grade Special Sub-Registrar of Akola in the Ahmednagar Dist, to be third grade Special Sub-Registrar of Karjat in the Thana Dist.

Mr Nilkant Sadashiv, seventh grade Special Sub-Registrar of Mulshi in the Poona Dist, to be sixth grade Special Sub-Registrar of Akola in the Ahmednagar Dist.

Mr Trimbak Sakharam, fifth grade Special Sub-Registrar of Dahanu in the Thana Dist, to be seventh grade Special Sub-Registrar of Mulshi in the Poona Dist.

Mr Mahadev Sadashiv, sixth grade Special Sub-Registrar of Umbargaon in the Thana Dist, to be fifth grade Special Sub-Registrar of Dahanu in the same district.

Mr Kashinath Babaji, Joint Village Registrar of Junnar in the Poona Dist, to be sixth grade Probationary Special Sub-Registrar of Umbargaon in the Thana Dist.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr W Cooper, Member of the Board of Examiners and of the Commission to hear appeals under the Steam Boiler Inspection Act is allowed an extension for one month of the leave of absence for six months granted to him by Govt Notification No. 1078, dated 25th March 1885.

Mr. J. G. Dobbie, Suptdg Engr, British India Steam Navigation Co, is appointed to act as a Member of the Board of Examiners under the Steam Boiler Inspection Act during the absence of Mr. Cooper, or until further orders.

Assist Surgeon Gangadhar Gopal Bopardikar, L M and S, is appointed to the medical charge of the dispensary at Dohad vice Assist Surgn Valles on sick leave, or until further orders.

Surgn J Macgregor, M D, performed the duties of Civil Surgeon, Ahmednagar, from 12th to 20th June 1885, both days inclusive.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint the Hon Kashinath Trimbak Telang, M A, LL B, C I E, Advocate, High Court, Bombay, to be a Member of the Civil and Military Examination Committee, for the purpose of examining candidates in the Sanscrit language, vice Mr Ramkrishna Gopal Bhandarkar, M A, transferred.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Mr A E Hight, Assist Engr, first grade, has passed an examination in Marathi.

Surgn-Major G W R Hay, M D, L R C S, L R C P (Ed), delivered over and Surgn H P Dimmock, MRCS, LRCP, (Lon), received charge of the office of the Supt of Matheran on the 4th inst.

Azam Becherlal Jivanlal, Chitnis to the Commr, N D, is appointed to act as Mamlatdar of Borsad in Kaira during the absence of Rao Saheb Lakhabhai Gopalji on privilege leave for three months from the 1st proximo, or until further orders.

Mr K R Bamanji delivered over and Mr G D Panse received charge of the office of the Asst Coll in charge of the Olpád Divn in the Surat Dist on the 12th inst.

Mr W C Rand, Supernumerary Assist Collr, Satara, delivered over and Surg Major J Davidson received charge of the office of the Supt, Mahabaleshwar, on the 7th inst.

Messrs H A Hughes and J Davidson respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Assist Collr, Khandesh Southern Divn, on the 3rd inst.

The following arrangement has been ordered in modification of that notified under date the 5th instant:—Rao Saheb Shesho Krishna Mudkavi, first grade Mamlatdar, to continue to do duty at Chikodi in the Belgaum Dist; Rao Saheb Krishnaji Pandurang Joshi, fourth grade Mamlatdar, is transferred from Bankapur to Hubli in the Dharwar Dist during the absence of Rao Saheb Narayan Chintaman Soman; Rao Saheb Rajacharya Bindacharya, pro tem fourth grade Mamlatdar, is temporarily posted to Bankapur; Rao Saheb Sheorao Parmeshwar, pro tem first grade Mamlatdar, to continue to be Mamlatdar of Dharwar; Rao Saheb Raghwendra Pandurang Bengiri, B A, to be Probationary fourth grade Mamlatdar of Ankola in the Kanara Dist, but to continue to do duty at Kod in the Dharwar Dist during the absence of Khan Saheb Maneckji Eduljí, or until further orders; Rao Saheb Shriniwas Jiwaji Bidi to act as fourth grade Mamlatdar at Ankola in the Kanara Dist; and Rao Saheb Venkaji Balwant Lakdi to be Probationary fourth grade Mamlatdar of Kalghatgi in the Dharwar Dist. The transfers of Rao Saheb Hanmant Bhimaji Tilgulkar from Hangal to Gokak, and Rao Saheb Shriniwas Bandhikotkar from Gokak to Hangal are cancelled.

Mr H Woodward resumed charge of his duties as First Assist Colr, Belgaum, on the 9th inst on return from privilege leave.

Messrs Santapa Rangapa and Sorabji Padamji Pestonji respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Supernumerary Assist Colr, Belgaum on the 6th inst.

The following arrangement has been ordered with effect from the 1st proximo:—Rao Saheb Anant Raghunath Chitre, on special duty in connection with the work of issuing sanads to Dist Hereditary Officers in the Kolaba Dist, to revert to his appointment as Mamlatdar of Alibag:—Rao Saheb Sitaram Gopal Soman to be pro tem. fourth grade Mamlatdar of Roha in the Kolaba Dist during the employment of Rao Saheb Bal Ramchandra Donde on political duty.

Rao Saheb Appaji Vishvanath Gadkari to revert to his appointment of Mahalkari of Nagothna.

Rao Bahadur Kashinath Narayan Bhangaonkar and Rao Bahadur Narayan Chintaman Soman respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Native Assist to the Commissioner, Southern Divn.

Rao Bahadur Yeshwant Moreshwar Kelkar and Rao Bahadur Kashinath Narayan Bhangaonkar respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Assist tothe Commr, Southern Divn.

The following employés of the Salt Dept passed the Departmental Examination held at Kharaghoda on the 6th inst:—Bhulabhai Kirparam, Weigh Clerk, Main Stores (with credit); Mr Frank Butler, Assist Supt Main Stores; Mr Charles Taylor, Inspr, Northern Frontier; and Raghunath Pralhad, Shivlal Jathabhai, Magan Parbhudas, and Girdharilal Dolutram, Karkuns, Northern Frontier.

Mr A G Hudson, Assist Supt of the Mysore Revenue Survey, reported himself for duty in the Ratnagiri Revenue Survey on the 1st inst and received chargeof his duties in that Survey on the same day.

Shaik Emam, Municipal Vaccinator, Dhulia Town, was granted privilege leave from 1st to 30th Sept 1885 inclusive, and Bundenivaj valad Shaik Eman was appointed to act for him.

BY DISTRICT MAGISTRATES.

Azam Anandrao Pandurang, Actg Aval Karkun and Magte, third class, of Bhusaval in the Khandesh Dist, is invested with power to hold inquests.

The following transfers of Police Inspectors are ordered:—

1st—Second grade Insp Rao Saheb V N Devashikhamony from Bijapur to Sholapur vice Rao Saheb Nathu Bapuji.

2nd—Third grade Insp Rao Saheb Nathu Bapuji from Sholapur to Ahmednagar vice Rao Saheb Tukaram Ramdin.

3rd—Third grade Insp Rao Saheb Tukaram Ramdin from Ahmednagar to Khandesh vice Rao Saheb Alsingrao Nursingh.

4th—Fifth grade Insp Rao Saheb Alsingrao Nursingh from Khandesh to Bijapur.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE
OVERLAND SUMMARY.
(*Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.*)
Price—As. 4 per Copy.

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8 Departure of the Governors of Bombay and Madras—Departure of Sir Frank Souter—Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy and the Bombay Presidency Association.
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0 Serious Affray at Baroda—How they kept the Dusserah at Kalyan—The Mohurrum Festival.
11 Remission of the Sentence on Mr Fox—The Hyderabad Libel-case—The Present Regime in Hyderabad.
12 Eurasians and Domiciled Europeans and the Public Service—Bombay Port Trust—The Native Press.
13 CORRESPONDENCE: Forest Rights *versus* Privileges—Non-Graduates in the Revenue Department—SPORTING: The Bombay Polo Tournament—The Kurrachee Race Week.
14 The Late Cyclone—The Export Trade of Calcutta.
15 LEADING ARTICLES: The Ultimatum to Theebaw—The Indian Midland Railway.
16 LEADING ARTICLE: The Tragedy at Baroda.
17 LEADING ARTICLES: Native Matrimonial Problems—Indian Epigraphy.
18 LEADING ARTICLES: The Productive Power of the Bombay Cotton Mills—Employment for Discharged Soldiers—The Claim Upon the Bombay-Burmah Trading Corporation—A Daring Swindler.
19 BENGAL—MADRAS AND SOUTHERN INDIA.
20 N.-W. PROVINCES, OUDH, AND PUNJAB—MISCELLANEOUS—OFFICIAL GAZETTES: Bombay Army Orders.
21 Bombay Government Orders—N-W P Government Order—Punjab Government Orders—Order by H E the Commander-in-Chief in India.
22, 23 COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.
24 SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE—BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS—ADVERTISEMENTS.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED].

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

RICHARDSON—October 20, at Poona, the wife of W. St. John Richardson, Bombay Staff Corps, of a daughter.

DEATH.

BOTTLEWALA—October 22, Mottee, beloved daughter of Mr. Dosabhoy Sorabjee Bottlewala. Deeply regretted.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

DUKE—October 10, at Umballa, the wife of Surgeon Major O T Duke, 16th B C, of a daughter.

GATHERER—October 17, at Mount Abu, Rajputana, the wife of A B Gatherer, Esq, M I C E, P W Dept, of a daughter.

HOBDAY—October 15, at Umballa, the wife of Major T F Hobday, Bengal Staff Corps, of a daughter.

McMILLAN—October 10, at Agra, the wife of Henry McMillan, P W D, of Bandikui, of a daughter.

NICHTERLIEN—October 15, at Meerut, the wife of F J Nichterlien, Esq, of a daughter.

DEATHS.

DECASTER—October 14, at Madras, Daniel Thomas, second son of Mr J DeCaster, aged 13 years, 9 months and 20 days.

RENNIE—October 18, at Cawnpore, of cholera, Kate, the beloved wife of Surgeon Rennie, Medical Staff, aged 24.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS are specific for all Bilious Affections.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS cure Melancholy, sick Headache and Costiveness.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS are a sovereign remedy for Erysipelas, Diseases of the Skin and Inflammation.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS have succeeded in working an effective cure, when all other drugs have failed.

THE STANDARD LIFE OFFICE.

PAYS UPWARDS of HALF A MILLION STERLING per annum to the representatives of deceased Policy-holders. The Invested Funds in hand steadily increasing, amount to upwards of Six Millions Sterling. New Assurances on carefully selected lives for upwards of £1,000,000 have been placed on the books every year since 1865, a result continuously maintained by no other office in the United Kingdom.

FORMS ON APPLICATION.
THOMAS LANG,
Secretary, Bombay Branch.

SIGHT SAVING GLASSES.

MR. FRANK L. McAFEE, Supdt., Irish Presbyterian High School, Ahmedabad, writes:—It is now nearly four months since I received the two pairs of glasses you supplied me with, and I have during this time found them of so much service in enabling me to bear and overcome the strain upon my eyes from work by lamp light, that I feel considerable regret I did not sooner apply to you for help. It is no more than is your due, that I should add that before I applied to you I had already tried two firms of opticians. Their spectacles afforded me a certain amount of ease and comfort; but in neither case was the benefit I derived from the use of their glasses at all comparable with that which I have already had from using yours.

Pamphlet with instructions how to get properly suited, free on application.

N. LAZARUS, Oculist-Optician,
New Buildings, 28, Meadow-street, (Opposite FortChapel,) Bombay.
No. 1, Mangoe-lane, Calcutta.

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MESSRS. MARCKS and COMPANY, Ld., in re-organising the optician department of their business desire to bring into still greater prominence these universally popular, though highly priced, spectacles which their long experience enables them to recommend with confidence as being really what the name implies the most perfect spectacles that can be worn—Only the purest and hardest Brazillian pebble is used, and being cut on Dr. MENIST'S approved principle, parallel to the plane of the natural cleavage of the crystal, the lenses are entirely free from prismatic refraction while in the frames, of the very best materials and the most perfect finish, special modifications in form have been made, to meet the various defects of vision they are designed to correct, suggested by, and resulting from, his wide practical experience of the subject; and the extra cost will be found to be more than fully compensated by the satisfaction and benefit which will be derived from their use. First class certificate and silver medal, the Highest Award for excellence. Calcutta Exhibition 1883-84.

In taking over the above agency the Company have made arrangements in virtue of which they are now able to offer.

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No. 14, RAMPART ROW,
Opposite Watson's Hotel.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST,
NO. 3, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

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DENTAL SURGEON,
MAY BE CONSULTED FROM 8 A. M. TO 6 P. M.,
Extracts teeth under Nitrous Oxide Gas.
No. 23, RAMPART ROW,
Next to Bombay Gazette Office.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1885.

IT has been seen from letters which have appeared in our columns during the past few days, as well as from a communication recently addressed to Government by the Bombay Presidency Association, that the question of forest rights and forest privileges is the subject of no small concern to those who take interest in the work of the Commission which will hold its first sitting at Thana on the 2nd of next month. The question has arisen in this way. Amongst the many grievances which the forest tribes in the Thana district have brought under the notice of Government is the alleged disregard of rights which they claim to have been theirs, in some cases through prescription, in others through immemorial usage. They are, for the most part, rights to graze in forest lands, and to remove forest produce for fuel and for the preparation of rab manure. They have been asserted with much persistence by the forest tribes and villagers, and in such settlements as have thus far been completed efforts have been made by the Forest Settlement Officer to ascertain their nature and validity. The regulations framed under the Indian Forest Act make provision for the settlement officer to inquire into and determine the existence, nature, and extent of any rights alleged to exist in favour of any person in or over any land comprised within the proposed forest limits, or in or over any forest produce, and to deal with the same as provided by the Act. But to judge from allegations frequently made during the recent agitation, as well as from the contention of competent authorities who have recently dealt with the subject in our columns, this branch of the operations of the Forest Settlement Officers has not been attended with conspicuous success, at any rate so far as the claimants are concerned. We have before us a batch of reports and Government Resolutions dealing with certain talukas in the Thana collectorate, in which it is alleged that after due inquiry no rights beyond rights of way to a temple or a forest shrine have been found to exist. So uniformly, in fact, does judgment seem in some areas to go against the claimants that it would not be astonishing if the idea were to grow that the object of an inquiry into a claim of right is to show that it does not exist. But while rights are thus consistently denied, the Government are lavish in their recognition of privileges. Up and down the Resolutions to which we have referred are notifications of privileges granted in one forest after another, all with more or less substantial limitations attaching to them. On the side of the Government "rights" exist; on the other side privileges alone are recognized, and anything like an acknowledgment of a right on the part of the cultivators in the forest villages, or of the wild tribes adjacent to them, is in vain sought for. Thus, in a Resolution of the 24th of July it is pointed out that great delay has occurred in accurately demarcating and making known to the people the forest area and the precise nature of the privileges accorded by Government. So, too, in the Resolution of the 24th of July appointing the Commission, the Government intimate that the Commission will be placed in possession of a clear statement of the present regulations showing "what are the rights of Government and the privileges enjoyed by forest and non-forest villagers and the wild tribes." The Government are careful in their terms, and their studious avoidance of the use of any term which might seem to give colour to any claim of common right has from the first been too obvious to escape notice.

It was not without show of reason, therefore, that some petitioners from the Kolaba collectorate recently urged the Government to add to the series of questions suggested for the guidance of the Commission a question directed toward ascertaining the rights of the people over forests and grazing-ground before the revenue survey had taken place. Evidence on that point is indeed offered in a petition to the chairman of the Forest Commission which has been presented within the past day or two, and which asserts that, prior to the year 1845, the petitioners, the ryots of the Chona Mahal in the Kalyan Taluka, were permitted to graze their cattle in all lands, except those under actual cultivation, but that "this long-established and immemorial right had been gradually taken from them," the fertile grazing land had been included in the reserved forest, and thus the land allowed for cattle grazing "is reduced to mal, barren and unproductive portions such as even, if kept by Government, will yield them nothing." We hear often enough of the danger of allowing privileges to grow into rights; here is an instance in which rights have been reduced to privileges, to the evident disadvantage of the people immediately concerned. No one would pretend that pre-settlement rights mark the point towards which the Forest Settlement Officers should retrace their steps. But it may at least be asked if these rights have been as fully respected as they should have been—if in a case like this we can find the fairest answer to Lord Randolph Churchill's question, as quoted by Lord Reay a few weeks ago—"How are you on the one hand to attain the most desirable object of preserving and renewing the forests, without on the other hand entailing hardships on the people by depriving them of valuable and long-established rights?" The least that must be done in a case of this kind is to see that, if grazing rights have been encroached upon in reserving forest, a fair equivalent shall be given to the dispossessed villagers. Whether it be given as a privilege or restored as a right is a question quite worthy of the consideration of the Government, despite their hitherto immovable reluctance to name the element of right in that connection. Much to the relief of many who had taken interest in the question, it has been declared that the Commission will not be debarred from inquiring into this question of right. We are indeed told that the finding of the Commission in favour of any particular claim will not give validity to it. This we have recognised all along. But it would nevertheless be of real importance to direct inquiry into the means by which what are alleged to be common rights have been encroached upon, as well as into the process by which they have been proved not to exist and never to have existed.

The difficulties in the way have been stated by our correspondent "Ran Rakshan" with no little force. We think, however, that he makes quite enough of them. The claims of the inhabitants of a village to a common right of grazing, or of collecting forest produce, need not be confronted by any serious difficulty as to the nature and extent of the right, except so far as the tribunal by whom it is adjudicated upon is wanting in judicial skill, and the people concerned in making the claim are unable to present their evidence intelligibly and coherently. The exceptions perhaps are serious, but our correspondent has himself suggested a means of removing the latter of them. He urges that the Bombay Presidency Association, who have espoused the cause of the ryots with commendable warmth, should employ counsel to work up some of the more important cases of this kind upon which the Forest Settlement Officers are asked to adjudicate. If the Forest Settlement Officers, acting in their judicial capacity, are unable to do full justice to the people who come before them, it is often only because these people are unable to do justice to themselves. It is often a difficult and a tedious process, even where there is a highly organised judicial apparatus, with bar, jury-box, and witness-box aiding in the search after truth, to establish a claim of common right—a right of way, for instance, a riparian right, or one of the hundred and one rights which in the English legal system come under the operation of the law of easements. What must the difficulty be, then, where the court consists of an officer of limited judicial experience, where there is no bar and no attorney to work up the case, and the witnesses are a group of untaught villagers, the brightest of them duller even than the "oldest inhabitant" who figures in right of way cases in the English Assize Courts. Our correspondent "Jus" intimates that these are not the only difficulties in the way. The Forest Settlement Officers, he says, have no judicial independence whatever. There are happy regions in India where the complaint is not that the independence of the Settlement Officer is tempered by the stern guidance of the Secretariat, but that the Settlement Officer shows a too constant bias to the cultivator. If "Jus" is right that can hardly be the case in regard to the officials engaged in the Forest Settlement in the Bombay Presidency, and it would be no disadvantage if the inquiry of the Commission threw a little light upon this very important question of the security which is provided that these officers, when acting in their judicial capacity, shall enjoy as much judicial independence as is necessary for the due discharge of their functions. And when "Ran Rakshan" tells us that the "reasons why legal rights of importance are not often found by Settlement Officers to exist have never been made public," he excites a legitimate curiosity, which the inquiry of the Forest Commission will give an opportunity of gratifying.

THE musketry course for the training of the volunteer recruit and drilled volunteer has been altered in conformity with the course of instruction laid down for the British cavalry and infantry soldiers, and will come into force at once. The course is much more difficult than that hitherto observed, and the authorities insist on at least 20 rounds annually being fired by each volunteer of the force. The volunteer recruit has 80 rounds to fire before he can become a trained volunteer; and before he can be allowed to fire he has to execute the following drills:—Position drills, 16; aiming drills, 6; blank firing practice drills, 4; judging distance drills, 8; theoretical principles, 4; care of arms and ammunition, 4; and he is not to be allowed to proceed to target practice until he has been passed by the adjutant as thoroughly proficient in aiming and the three several positions for firing in. He is then to fire 10 shots at 100 and 10 at 150 yards, 5 kneeling and then 5 standing at each distance; 10 rounds at 200 yards, 5 lying down, then 5 kneeling; 2 rounds standing at 100, 2 kneeling at 150 and at 200, and 2 lying down at 250 and 300 yards. He is then to fire 4 rounds lying down at 150 yards, and 2 rounds in the same position at 200, 250, and 265 yards. He next fires 10 shots at 300 and 10 at 400, at each distance 5 lying down, then 5 kneeling; and finishes up with 10 shots at 500 yards, 5 in the lying down position and 5 sitting, and must obtain 100 points and upwards to become an efficient; if less than 100 he remains non-efficient—that is, his corps will not obtain the capitation for him. The firing is to be carefully gone through, and the case will be a very special one in which a recruit can be allowed to fire more than 20 rounds on one day. The "drilled volunteer" course is also a stiff one, consisting of 3 rounds kneeling and 2 rounds standing at 150 yards; the same at 250 yards; and 5 rounds kneeling and 5 rounds standing at 300 yards at a third-class target, as now used, except that the bull's-eye and centre will be outlined, and the full-length figure of a man will be painted black in the middle of the target. The scoring will be the same as at present. Railway volunteers need only fire at these three distances, and if they obtain 40 points or upwards will be classed extra-efficients. The second period is then to be fired at a second-class target, with bull's-eye and centre outlined only, and three full-length figures, shoulder-to-shoulder, painted black on target, the scoring as at present. 20 rounds are to be fired in this practice, 5 lying down, and 5 kneeling at 500 yards and at 600 yards. Those volunteers who score 74 points in the two periods (carbine 68) will be classed as extra-efficients. Those who obtain qualifying points in the three practices, first period (10 at 150, 8 at 250, and 8 at 300), but less than 74 (carbine 68) in the two periods, will be classed as efficients, and those who fail to qualify in the first period will remain non-efficients. The good shots may then proceed to the defence practice, and fire 10 rounds at the figure target, the first 4 lying down, the next 4 kneeling, and the last 2 standing, the first round being fired at 320 yards and each other round after an advance of 30 paces, so that the last round will be fired at 100 yards. The next is the "attack" practice, the mark on target representing the head and shoulders of a man in the position of shooting over a trench or parapet, placed one foot from the ground. 10 shots are fired in this practice, the first 2 at 265 yards, and the others by two's after rushes of 36 paces, fixing the bayonet before the final rush, and carrying the rifle at the slope. In both the defence and attack practices only direct hits on the figure count three points, and the sight of the rifle is to remain at the 200 yards mark during both practices. The next and last part of the course is to fire 10 shots at 700 yards and 10 shots at 800 yards, at a first-class target, in any military position. Those volunteers who obtain 170 (carbine 155) points will be styled marksmen; 145 (carbine 130) points, first class; 110 (carbine 100) points, second class; and less than 110 (carbine 100), third class. There is a thoroughness in the new requirements of the authorities which volunteers would do well to take note of. The first step towards conforming to them will be to put in early attendance at position drills, and not to follow the fashion of putting off that, and everything else that pertains to shooting, until the end of the season.

WE have already pointed out the groundlessness of the allegation in Mr. Lionel Cohen's pamphlet on the financing of Indian railways that the subscription for the Indian Midland had been a comparative failure. The facts are that the company issued 185,295 shares, of which 64,002 had been fully paid up on the 18th September. Since then more payments in full have been made, so that, according to the latest accounts from London, the total payments into the Bank of England are already close upon a million-and-a-half sterling, or nearly half the whole share capital. This voluntary paying up in full of so large a portion of the capital will at once be recognised as a very satisfactory feature. Nothing could more clearly indicate the *bonâ fide* investment character of the subscription. Shareholders who thus pay up are steady investors who put their money into an undertaking with the intention of its remaining there, and with a full confidence in the prosperity of the enterprise. A subscription of this kind is, in fact, as different as it can be, from that point of view, from a merely speculative investment, in which Stock Exchange speculators subscribe with the purpose, not of holding to a concern, but of allowing the shares to run up to a premium, and then of selling out. A correspondent of the *Times*, whose observations we quoted yesterday, confirms in great part the explanation we gave on Saturday of the causes which led to an incomplete subscription. The season, he says, was not favourable for launching a new company. The session was coming to a close; holiday time was at hand; and business was dull in the money market. This makes it very clear why the subscription was so largely an investor's as distinct from a speculator's subscription. Anyhow the money paid into the bank is enough to repay the advances made by the Government and to carry on the works for a year or more, and it is not anticipated that there will be any difficulty in raising the balance of the capital whenever it may be required. The case of the Indian Midland, despite the incompleteness of the subscription, decidedly betokens confidence on the part of the investing public in Indian railway enterprises—a confidence which, it is to be hoped, the India Office will make use of by promptly launching the Nagpur and Bengal scheme, which is understood to stand next on the programme.

THE Indian Marine authorities in Bombay yesterday made inquiries amongst the shipping agents for immediate transport provision for Burmah. At Madras, we believe, not a single steamer is to be had, and even at Calcutta there is no tonnage available, except on the liners.

MR. GRANT DUFF IN RUTNAGHERR

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RUTNAGHERRY, Oct

AFTER vegetating through the dull mo
months this small but otherwise *triste* station
quote the words of the play-bill, or rather of
introductory to the Club rules—has suddenly b
enlivened by the arrival of various dignitaries
sorts. During the small hours of Saturday morn
one of the uncomfortable and remarkably unpu
tual, but considerably useful, coasting steam
landed on these shores those dignitaries-in-ordin
to H. M.'s Government of Bombay, the Inspe
General of Prisons and the Commissioner S
The visit of the latter was in part due to
expected advent of the larger constellation on
Sunday, but was also not entirely unconnected
the appearance in these regions of Dr. Cruicksh
the Inspector-General of Prisons, in his ste
official capacity.

Local official circles have been conside
agitated of late on a question of prison discip
It appears that a standing order relative to sani
arrangements in the jail had been more hono
in the breach than in the observance, and its suc
enforcement by the Superintendent caused consi
able dissatisfaction to the female prisoners. T
Indian fetish, the caste question, cropped up,
one "lifer," who naturally was solicitous about
status in the wicked outer world, complained bitt
to one of the official visitors, the First Assis
Collector. He, perhaps with more zeal than di
tion, "listened to her prayers," with the re
that he and the Collector, the Civil Surgeo
Superintendent, the Jailor, the Assistant Ju
and the Municipality President, all got m
up together thereanent, whilst the native pa
seasoned the "all blaze" with a few peppery
marks. To lull the storm the presence of the
spector-General was required; and after a
review of the whole affair it has been decide
the standing order is in future to be a standing or
and by no means anything else. So now every o
including the standing order, is happy again,
the "lifer" maintains a dignified silence, sa
fied with having raised this tempest in a
cup. This highly amusing farce having b
played out, though it is not to be supposed th
by that Dr. Cruickshank has anything of
farceur about him, there was an interval of
hours nearly before the curtain drew up on
"heavy business."

You will doubtless have fittingly chronicled
departure of the Governor of Madras f
Bombay on Saturday night, and will be
to learn that H. M.'s Investigator, with
precious freight, arrived in our harbour sho
after midday on Sunday. The Commissioner S.
accompanied by the Collector, Mr. Candy, ventu
on board to make their salaams, and at about ha
past four the party, consisting of the Governo
Madras, Mrs. Grant Duff, the Military Secreta
Major Moore, and Captain Bagot, A. D. C., w
towed ashore by a steam-launch. With great
crimination the most odoriferous part of the
shore, near a Mussulman quarter, was selected
landing place, and the party was there rece
by most of the European and native offi
and by the leading native inhabitants. For the
lectation of the visitors the saw mills, kn
officially as the School of Industry, were b
run, notwithstanding its being Sunday, for
occasion only, and the party, proceeding thit
were received by Mr. Lewis, the superintend
The sideboard screen lately exhibited at Po
and whose destination is the Indian Exhibiti
London, was duly admired; specialities in inl
tables, chairs, and artist's easels were inspect
whilst Mrs. Grant Duff seemed especia
pleased with the deftness of the boys' inla
wood with sambhur horn. Iced drinks, ki
provided, also received much practical admira
A few purchases transacted, a move was mad
the tongas and the less dignified dummies; the C
missioner driving Mrs. Grant Duff, and the C
tor Mr. Grant Duff, through the native tow
to the Club, where they were received, with
usual urbanity, by the hon. secretary, Mr. McCo
The School of Industry is really an admi
institution, and affords a number of poor bo
practical means of earning a living. Their tim
divided between carpentering and the three R
as Mr. Lionel Brough would say, not too m
education, but just education enough. It
doubtful, however, whether the best interests of
institution are cultivated by the constructio
elaborate and highly ornamented sidebo
screens, &c. Having no capital, all timber ha
be purchased on credit, and unless the manufact
acticles are quickly made and easily dispose
the bill has to remain unpaid. Much ca
in the shape of time and labour remains locke
for an indefinite time, as purchasers of high
articles are not met with every day. The ma
ture of plain chairs, tables, and window
should preferably be encouraged. But to ret
our visitors, who meanwhile have been "eatin
air" and sipping tea in the Club gardens, the
sward of which looked particularly pleasant.
drive round what is locally known as the
"chuker" was suggested, and, escorted as be
the visitors sallied forth. Mr. and Mrs. Gr
Duff were delighted with the openness
the laterite plateau, the beautiful view up
creek from "Lovers' Seat," and the fine p
rama to be seen from "Land's End." In
evening a large dinner, to which all the sta
was invited, was given by Mr. Crawford at
Club; and the visitors departed at 10 p.m., esco
by the Commissioner, the Collector, and the P
Superintendent down the creek, where they
boat and departed in the Investigator, satis
we will hope, at their reception here. The
expect to make Goa about 12 to-day, in tim
visit Old Goa, and visiting Karwar and Hona
on the way down, quit the Investigator
Beypore, and thence go by rail to Madras.

Our District Judge, Mr. C. B. Izon, was offe
the vacancy in your High Court, but has declin
chiefly on the grounds of indifferent health,
because of the short period during which he wo
hold the appointment. He intends to take le
in November for one month, and will proba
retire in April next, when he will have comple
his term of service.

The Commissioner, S. D., and the Inspect
General of Prisons leave on Tuesday for Bomb
and the district officers are all preparing to le
the station about the 1st November. With th
departure the station will be desolate, as we
remain are hardly sufficient even to quarrel.

THE STATE OF IRELAND.

A CONSERVATIVE writing from Dublin says t
the representations—principally due to the ed
of the Dublin *Express*, who is the Irish correspo
ent of the *Times*—that Lord Carnarvon's admi
tration has resulted in a great increase of boycott
and has in fact broken down, are mischievous a
exaggerated. There is a far better spirit in t
country generally now than it was deemed possib
to hope for when Lord Spencer attempted to ru
by setting the whole population at defiance a
relying upon the exceptional powers which
regarded as indispensable. The boycotting ca
into full operation under the conditions created by
his *régime*; the general public were banded to
gether in resistance to the administration, and
came to look upon whoever opposed the popu
lar interests as persons to be feared and shunned.
It was under Lord Spencer's rule that thing
went so far that all the pupils left schools i
which the children of obnoxious person
were received; and in several instances the co
gregations stood up and left the churches,
spite of the expostulations of the clergy, wh
men under a ban entered the sacred building
Lord Spencer, while freely wielding the pow
given him at his own suggestion, was wholly u
able to deal with the widespread spirit of alienatio
which found expression in acts of this kind and i
refusal to deal with bakers and grocers and othe
tradesmen who sold goods to persons supposed t
be in any way favourable to the system of coercio
No Government could deal with it effectually, and th
more the attempt to do so was made the more clearly
was it shown to watchful enemies that the people had
the game in their own hands. Lord Randolph Chur
chill's policy, carried out by Lord Carnavon wit
a great deal of judgment, has not abolished boycot
ing; but instead of aggravating, the or evil, as
asserted, it has, by diffusing a more conciliator
spirit, circumscribed it in extent, and diminished it
intensity. Congregations do not now leave the
chapels *en masse*, rather than permit a boycotte
to sit in their midst; nor do we hear of the school
boys striking against the presence amongst the
of the son of a man who has the misfortune to
on the wrong side in a social and political strugg
The same correspondent says that the younger and
more progressive of the Conservative party are re
conciled to the policy of compromise which the pre
sent Cabinet are believed to have at heart, but tha
the sound old Tories are disposed to nail their colours
to the mast, preferring political destruction to what
they believe to be dishonour. The views of this
diminishing section of the Irish Conservatives
hamper the Government, finding expression as they
do in the columns of the *Times* and other London
papers which have the ear of the metropolitan
world. But their statement of the facts must be re
ceived with a certain allowance; they exaggerate the
perils of the situation, without going to the trouble
of showing how they may be averted. Meanwhile
it is a distinct gain that the Irish party has been
led to co-operate even temporarily with one of the
recognised political forces of the United Kingdom;
the clearer heads see that, and hope for better times.
Lord George Hamilton and many others of the
younger men have created some consternation
amongst their seniors by avowing their approval of
Lord Randolph's democratic ideas. At the same
time it is open to doubt whether in their inner
minds they are greater converts than to the point
when the conviction arises that in these troubled
times if one wants the omelette of power one must
be prepared to sacrifice some of the eggs out of the
basket of party principles.

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TELEGRAMS.

THE CRISIS IN UPPER BURMAH.

THE BURMESE MINISTERS AND M. HAAS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

RANGOON, OCT. 22.

The Burmese Ministers think M. Haas is a British spy. His residence with the Chief Commissioner points to his being sent back to Mandalay simply to gain information for the English. He left Mandalay by night immediately after his arrival. Colonel Carey refused to see him, alleging illness. This treatment by the British officer, when M. Haas afterwards went and resided with the Chief Commissioner, led the Burmese to report that Colonel Carey had arrested M. Haas and forwarded him to Rangoon. They are highly suspicious of the motives which induced the return of the French Consuls, and view him with disgust as the cause of the present troubles.

LATER.

Arrangements have been concluded here with the Flotilla Company for the despatch of an expedition by the river to Mandalay. Fifteen large steamers and thirty flats have been chartered, besides numerous small launches.

The Doowoon, which leaves Thayetmyo tomorrow, brings down any British subjects desiring to leave the country. Two steamers of the Flotilla plying between Mandalay and Bahmo have been recalled, though it is unlikely that the Burmese will place obstacles in the way of those returning.

The ultimatum has been sent by ordinary mailbag made up for the palace.

Mr. Bernard has expressed himself doubtful of the Burmese giving in, but this is not the general opinion of Burmese here, who think Theebaw, now he sees we are in earnest, will give in on all points.

The shippers of goods to Upper Burma are getting their consignment landed on the British side under a guarantee.

Rain has fallen in Upper Burma district hitherto suffering from drought. All fear of famine are thus removed. A portion of the expedition will, it is said, proceed by land from Tonghoo, where the country, for the next three months offers no insurmountable difficulties, and the climate is not much hotter than an English summer.

MADRAS, OCT. 22.

Nothing definite is known here as to the troops for Burmah. Two siege trains are being prepared, and will be shipped by the steamer Oriental, which leaves on Sunday for Rangoon with 250 men, drafts from European regiments for Burmah.

DISASTROUS FIRE AT POONA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, OCT. 22.

At eleven o'clock to-day an alarming conflagration broke out in the city. The fine old palace in Aditwar-pait occupied by the Rev. Mr. Beaumont's Mission School took fire, and by five o'clock it was completely gutted. The fire is still burning. Hopes are entertained of saving the adjacent buildings, but the difficulties are great owing to the want of water and the contiguity of dwelling houses behind. No lives were lost, but one man was injured. Messrs. Propert, Moore, Steward, Major Babington, Messrs. Beaumont and Kirkham, and others were present, also a company of infantry and a large body of police.

EXPORT OF HORSES FROM BAGDAD.*

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, OCT. 21.

Intelligence has been received from Turkish Arabia that steps have been taken to enforce the long-standing embargo on the export of horses from Bagdad. Informers receive one-half of the value of every horse seized. Whole batches of horses bound for Bombay have been seized during the last few months. It is believed, however, that many horses will still reach Bombay from wilaiats, where the same strictness has not been observed, as well as from Persia; but if the present measures in Bagdad are maintained for any length of time, the number of Iraki and Arabian horses reaching Bombay must diminish; while a corresponding increase will doubtless take place in the number of horses brought from Persia, there being no embargo on the export of horses from Persian ports.

* Delayed in transmission.

PUNJAB NEWS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, OCT. 21.

Mr. Sinkinson comes to Lahore as Accountant-General, relieving Mr. Logan, who goes to Allahabad as Deputy Accountant-General.

Mr. Lawrence, Under-Secretary to the Punjab Government, goes on settlement work in Kurnal on Mr. Stock rejoining from furlough.

There are to be fourteen civil sessions divisions in the Punjab under the new scheme of divisional courts. Six of these will be first-class divisions, and eight second-class.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE AFGHAN FRONTIER DELIMITATION.

LONDON, OCT. 22.

The Russian Commission for the delimitation of the Afghan frontier, including M. Lessar, has left Baku for Kizil Arvat.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LONDON, OCT. 21.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Lawada left here for Bombay, Kurrachee, and Malabar Coast yesterday.

LISBON, OCT. 21.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Lalpoora, outward bound for Bombay, Kurrachee, and Malabar Coast, left here yesterday evening.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Goorkha, homeward bound from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here yesterday afternoon.

TRICOMALEE, OCT. 22.

H. M.'s Turquoise left for Rangoon.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, OCT. 21.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed quiet. Surats steady.

The London Cotton market has been steady.

Good Fair Dhollera	4 9-16

The Manchester market has been steady.

4 per cent.	Rupee Paper	74½
4½ „		75⅝
3 „	Consols for account	100⅜
3½ „	Sterling Loan	101⅝
4½ „	French Rentes	109⅜
Bar Silver		47 9-16

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

(OCTOBER 22.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, interrupted. Via Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, interrupted. Via Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

CHINA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

Interruption on Turkish route section, Bushire to Fao, still continues.

Next mail over interrupted cable will leave Bushire at 2 p. m. on 30th inst.

Rangoon, 16th.—Line to Mandalay interrupted.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

WEDNESDAY, NIGHT, Oct. 21.	
10 p.m.	81·8
THURSDAY, Oct. 22.	
6 a.m.	78·5
10 a.m.	84·6
2 p.m.	86·8
4 p.m.	86·5

SIR DONALD STEWART, the retiring Commander-in-Chief, leaves India by the mail-steamer Gwalior, sailing from Bombay on the 28th November.

AMONG the passengers to England by to-day's mail-steamer are Lord Bantry and Mr. Justice Pinhey.

THE eighteen months' furlough allowed to Dr. Pollen, Special Judge under the Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act and acting Judge and Sessions Judge of Poona, and Agent for Sardars in the Deccan, takes effect from the 13th prox.

THE appointment by Sir Charles Sargent of Mr. C. E. G. Crawford to be Registrar of the High Court, Appellate Side, has been confirmed by Government.

THREE months' privilege leave has been granted to Mr. W. H. A. Wallinger, of the Forest Department.

THE HON. K. T. TELANG, C.I.E., has been appointed a member of the civil and military examination committee for the purpose of examining candidates in the Sanskrit language.

SURGEON H. P. DIMMOCK is now acting as Superintendent of Matheran. Surgeon-Major Davidson received charge of the office of Superintendent, Mahableshwar, from Mr. Rand on the 7th inst.

THE name of Miss Annie Walke appears in the list of candidates from the Grant Medical College who have passed the first examination in medicine in connection with the Bombay University.

A NUMBER of bye-laws relating to the employment of pilots for special dock duties are published in this week's *Government Gazette*. According to these bye-laws the Port Trustees may appoint special dock pilots for vessels belonging to private companies having graving docks at Mazagon or at Hog Island.

THE health of Bombay is at present in a very satisfactory state, the death-rate being 24·20 against 30·16 in the corresponding week last year, and a mean of 30·16 in the corresponding weeks in the preceding five years. There were only four deaths from cholera, three of which occurred among Hindoos of low castes, the fourth case being that of a Bhatia.

THE following is the official summary of the Bombay Presidency season reports for the week ending the 20th inst.:—"Rain in parts of eight districts. More still required in parts of Gujarat and Khandesh. Reaping of kharif and sowing of rabi crops in progress in several districts. River still falling in Sind. Standing crops suffering from deficiency of water, and damaged by rats, insects, and storms in parts of Hyderabad. Cholera in parts of thirteen, fever in parts of sixteen, cattle-disease in parts of eight, and small-pox in parts of three districts.

THE following telegram has been received by the Bombay Presidency Association from London, dated the 20th inst:—"Mr. Gladstone, while writing to Mr. Digby, says he will be happy to meet the delegates shortly on arrival in London, and adds that he continues to press on all suitable occasions liberal legislation on Indian affairs. Mr. Gladstone further expresses good wishes for the delegates, who intend visiting Aberdeen, Glasgow, Newcastle, Manchester, Liverpool, and Burningham."

THE Kapole Banias form a numerous and influential caste among the Gujeratee Hindoos of Bombay, and many of them are men of position and respectability in the native community. The caste has for some time been split into two sections, one of which acknowledges Sir Munguldas Nathoobhoy as its head, and the other Mr. Tribhowundas Vurjivandas Madhavdas. A prominent and intelligent member of the latter section, Mr. Gokuldas Jugmohundas, a member of the Municipal Corporation of Bombay, has directed his attention to some of the customs and usages from the pernicious effects of which his caste-fellows, in common with the members of other castes, have been for a long time suffering. Foremost amongst these, the evil of early marriages arrests attention. Mr. Gokuldas, who has been at the pains to study the matter, has therefore addressed a letter to the head of his caste, requesting him to convene a meeting of its members at an early date with a view to adopt some remedial measures. Mr. Gokuldas urges that the customs and usages relating to early marriage are opposed to the enlightened spirit of the times, and that some reform is most urgently needed. He suggests the nomination by the caste of a committee to consider the steps, the adoption of which might appear most advisable—steps which would define the limit of age below which marriages should be discouraged, and which would conduce to promote the physical well-being of the rising generation among them. Mr. Gokuldas has made a move in good season, and we trust it may be taken up by others in right earnest.

THE Maharaja of Kashmere has begun well. He has just issued a proclamation abolishing the "rawanagi" duty on shawls. This amounted to no less than 20 per cent. *ad valorem* on all shawls sent out of the country, and was in addition to the five rupees local tax on each piece of shawl and a heavy import duty on *pushm*, the raw material brought from Tibet.

YESTERDAY we mentioned the fact that the passengers by the P. and O. Company's steamer Malwa spoke highly of the arrangements made for their comfort and convenience. To-day we have pleasure in publishing the following gratifying testimony, which, a correspondent informs us, was endorsed by nearly all the passengers:—

"As a practical contribution to the discussion which has lately been carried on in your columns about the merits and deficiencies of the P. and O. Company's passenger service to the East, we shall be obliged if you will publish a statement of our experiences of the Malwa, by which ship we are on the point of arriving in Bombay. These experiences are altogether satisfactory. The ship itself, though among the smallest of the company's fleet, has good cabin accommodation. Moreover, she steams well and is steady. Under the quiet rule of Captain Atkinson, her commander, the business of the ship in every department appears to be admirably conducted, whilst his courtesy and kindness to the passengers, and his readiness to contribute to their comfort and convenience, leave absolutely nothing to be desired. As much may be said of all his officers in their degree. It remains to be added that the table has been excellently supplied, and the attendance unexceptionable. Those of us who travelled across the Continent to join the mail-steamer at Brindisi would take the opportunity of recording their opinion of the decided superiority of the Pulman's car to the Mann Car, which, however, is employed over the greater part of the journey. They would also draw attention to the aggravating fashion in which the Indian mail express is suffered to crawl over the Italian lines on its way to the East, as a matter seeming worthy of notice by the Post Office authorities when existing arrangements next come up for consideration."

THE net amount of Indian sea and land customs revenue, exclusive of the salt revenue, for the first six months of the current official year, has been Rs. 51,22,000, as compared with Rs. 42,41,000 during the corresponding period of last year.

IT is stated that no fewer than 5,000 people perished in Cuttack in the inundation caused by the stormwave on the 21st September. So sudden was the emergency that relief could only be given by the primitive method of leaving bags of rice on the river bank opposite the afflicted villages, roughly proportioning their number to the size of the village, and then steaming on and trusting to the people to recover the food for themselves. The after consequences are complicated in Orissa by great want of water, the breaking in of the sea having filled the wells with salt water. But the Bengal Government have sanctioned liberal measures of relief, and Sir Rivers Thompson has acted with his habitual solicitude for the interests of the people in deciding to go down and look after affairs on the spot, though here no agitators called him on.

IT is proposed to form a branch in Bengal of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund. The Fund, as is already well known, is being raised for the purpose of providing the native women of India with medical aid on a scale beyond the power of local or private charity. The scheme comprises (1.)—Medical tuition, the teaching and training in India of women as doctors, hospital assistants, nurses, and midwives. (2.)—Medical relief; the establishment, under female superintendence, of dispensaries and cottage hospitals for the treatment of women and children; the opening of female wards under female superintendence in existing hospitals and dispensaries; the provision of female medical officers and attendants for existing female wards; and the founding of hospitals for women where specialfunds or endowments are forthcoming. (3)—The supply of trained female nurses and midwives for women and children in hospitals and private houses.

AT the present moment Quetta appears to be a very undesirable place to live in. If the correspondent of the *Englishman* does not exaggerate, sickness and death are making havoc among the troops. "There is a funeral nearly every day," says the correspondent, "and, sad to relate, cholera is once again one of the causes. The Quetta Hospital—a scandal to any European country—still sends its luckless inmates with terrible regularity over to the great majority. This hospital is a species of low mud barrack such as in India no one in his senses would ask a respectable cow to live in, and, terrible to relate, many patients admitted for fever are sent out feet foremost by the cholera fiend, who appears at present to have made the hospital his local habitation. This is too horrible. That a place of refuge and healing should become a place of painful and sudden death is too horrible to think of calmly. What a pass have we come to, when many of our men would rather take their chance of dying of fever by the road-side than of contracting cholera by going to hospital! It is said that estimates have been sanctioned for a new hospital—that may be; but God help the man who is carried into the Quetta hospital now! The muffled drum that spreads abroad the tidings of death has long been silenced here: Death is too close and too real to require emphasis here; and we endeavour to give him none. But light indeed must be the heart that does not stop for one short moment in the tennis ground or in the reading room as the first volley rings out sharp and clear on the evening air.

THE question of a uniform bill of lading has been discussed by the Commercial Law Congress at Antwerp. The following rules were adopted as to the shipowner's power to limit his liability:—

'Shipowners are liable for the acts of their captains and their servants. This liability only ceases on proof of *vis major*. The parties may nevertheless, by special stipulation, limit their liability, subject to the following exceptions:—

"Shipowners shall not be entitled to exonerate themselves from their liability beforehand by a clause inserted in the contract of affreightment, the bill of lading, or any other agreement—

"(*a*) For any act of their captains or their servants tending to jeopardize the perfect seaworthiness of the vessel;

"(*b*) For any act which might occasion damage, in the nature of bad stowage, want of care, or incomplete delivery of the goods confided to their custody;

"(*c*) For any barratry, any deeds, acts, or negligence having the nature of *culpa lata*."

THE *Lancet* reports favourably on the health of Mr. Gladstone. In all general respects it could scarcely be better, and his muscular power is still such a force as to be bad for trees needing to be felled. His voice continues a little hoarse, and would be apt to break down under injudicious use in the winter months; but for ordinary purposes it is not much impaired, and Sir Andrew Clarke hopes that it will be equal to the reasonable demands of the coming campaign.

MILITARY NEWS.

THE following medical officers have been brought on the strength of the Bombay Army:—Surgeons D. R. Hamilton, R. G. Thompson, C. T. Blackwell, and R. J. Power.

LIEUTENANT PIERSE, 1st Sind Horse, has been appointed to act as Cantonment Magistrate during the absence of Lieutenant G. F. A. Gavin.

CAPTAIN E. D. NEWNHAM SMITH has been appointed second-in-command of the Sawantwadi local corps, which carries with it the post of assistant to the Political Superintendent.

COLONEL R. ROGERS, V.C., lately retired from the command of the Cameronians, has been appointed to the Brigade Staff of the Bengal Presidency, and posted to the Agra Brigade.

MAJOR H. DOVETON, Royal Engineers, is about retiring from the service.

THERE is a rumour about that important changes may be expected shortly in Army School instruction, especially in the Bengal Native Army.

CAPTAIN G. C. FENWICK, wing officer, 1st Madras Pioneers, has resigned the Adjutancy of the Madras Volunteer Guards, and proceeded to Simla on duty.

CAPTAIN S. HUMPHREY, 2nd Battalion Glostershire Regiment, has been granted leave to England for twelve months on private affairs.

CAPTAIN A. G. S. BRADNELL, 1st Battalion Kings' Own Borderers, has been granted leave on urgent private affairs to England for twelve months.

IT is reported that Lieutenant-Colonel C. J. Durand, Bengal Staff Corps, who left India, it was believed, for good last year, is returning for one year's further service in this country, and that he will be posted to Bengal as Pay Examiner, Captain E. Lewis, the present Examineer, now on 90 days' privilege leave, being stopped at Bombay for service in this Presidency.

SURGEON E. S. BRANDER has been appointed to the permanent medical charge of the 21st Punjab Infantry, *vice* Surgeon-Major W. E. Griffiths, transferred to the medical charge of the new 17th Bengal Cavalry.

SURGEON-MAJOR O. T. DUKE, M.B., has been appointed to the medical charge of the new 16th Bengal Cavalry.

THE new augmentation scheme for the Bengal army will revive the old corps, viz., 34th, 35th, 36th, 37th, and 41st.

COLONEL H. L. A. TOTTENHAM, Bengal Staff Corps, second-in-command 38th Bengal Infantry, having been struck off the strength on the 30th September, on retirement from the service, has been succeeded by Major M. J. King-Harman, formerly of the Royal Artillery, doing duty at Delhi.

LIEUTENANT T. MCKAY, 1st Border Regiment, supernumerary wing officer on probation, 40th Bengal Infantry, has been posted to the 44th Sylhet Light Infantry, *vice* Captain T. S. Boileau, appointed wing commander.

MAJOR E. H. WILSON, Bengal Staff Corps, has been ordered to Simla for temporary employment in the office of the Adjutant-General.

CAPTAIN F. A. B. TALBOT, 1st Battalion Oxfordshire Light Infantry, has been granted fifteen months' leave to England on private affairs.

MAJOR A. G. WATSON, East Lancashire Regiment, has been posted to the 2nd Battalion on his recent promotion, and ordered to proceed to England to join.

CAPTAIN J. G. L. BURNETT, 2nd Battalion Leicestershire Regiment, has been granted fifteen months' leave to England on private affairs.

THE scheme for amalgamating the regiments of the Native Army into new regiments of three battalions each has received the sanction of the home authorities. The details will be left to the military authorities in India to work out, with such modifications as may seem advisable in the case of the armies of the minor Presidencies.

MAJOR-GENERAL PRENDERGAST, V. C., who has been selected for the command of the expeditionary force to Burmah, is an officer of Royal Engineers. He entered the old Madras Engineers in 1854, and three years afterwards was serving his Queen in Persia. Returning from there he joined the Central India Field Force, and shared all the hard fighting and harder marching that that force went through under its gallant commander, who joined so many of his old comrades in arms but a few days ago. For conspicuous gallantry at the siege of Mundisore he recived the Victoria Cross, and in the course of the campaign was mentioned several times in Sir Hugh Rose's despatches. In the Abyssinian expedition he was engaged again, in command of the Madras Sappers and Miners, and was present at Magdala. A brevet lieutenant-colonelcy followed. From 1880 to 1882 he held a Brigade Command in Madras, and in 1883 was appointed to a Division.

A NUMBER of Native Chiefs will be invited to witness the parade and march-past of the 40,000 troops engaged in the cold weather manœuvres. These Chiefs will meet at Delhi, where the Viceroy arrives on January 13 from Calcutta.

IT is understood that the following officers will be posted to the new regiment of Sind Horse to be raised shortly:—Major A. L. McNair, 1st Bombay Lancers, Commandant; Captain R. H. Daniell, 1st Sind Horse; Captain J. Monteith, 3rd Bombay Cavalry; Lieutenant Domvile, 1st Sind Horse; and Lieutenant Wadeson, 2nd Sind Horse (Adjutant). The remaining officers have not yet been chosen. Surgeon H. W. Stevenson will probably be medical officer.

BOMBAY CAVALRY REGIMENTS.

THE following notification appears in yesterday's *Government Gazette*:—Under the authority conveyed in special India Army Circular dated 15th September 1885, the establishment of each of the six Regiments of Native Cavalry of the Bombay Army will be as follows:—

Establishment of a Regiment of Bombay Cavalry
(Organized in four Squadrons.)

British.	
Commandant	1
Squadron Commanders	4
Squadron Officers	4
Medical Officer	1
Total	10
Native.	
Ressaldars	4
Ressaidars	4
Ressaidar Woordie Major	1
Jemadars	8
Kote Dafadar Major	1
Farrier Major	1
Kote Dafadars	8
Dafadars	32
Trumpeters	8
Naiks	40
Savars (including eight camel savars)	518
Total	625

2. The augmentation to have effect from such dates, subsequent to 15th September 1885, as the men and horses may be brought on the regimental rolls.

3. Under the authority of special India Army Circular dated 4th September 1885, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to direct the formation of an additional Regiment of Native Cavalry in this Presidency to take the place of the late 3rd Sind Horse.

4. The Regiment will be designated the 6th Regiment Bombay Cavalry (Jacob's Risala), it will be raised at Shikarpur in Sind, and, as far as possible, from tribes on the Beluchistan Frontier.

5. To form the nucleus of the Regiment, Volunteers will be called for, under the orders of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, from existing Regiments of Bombay Cavalry.

Commissions will be conferred on Native gentlemen who may come forward with recruits to the extent and under the conditions specified in the Army Circular of 4th September.

6. The armament of the Regiment will be the same as that of the existing Regiments of Sind Horse.

7. Any necessary subsidiary orders in respect of the augmentation of existing Regiments and the raising of the new Regiment will, following the precedent in Bengal, be issued by His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s.s. Tasmania, Captain R. B. Haselwood, will sail to-day for London with the European mails and the following passengers:—

FOR LONDON.

Mr H E Urmston
Hon Justice Pinhey
Mr and Mrs J H Merriman
Major C G Collingwood
Maj-Genl and Mrs J J Dansey
Mrs C F R Simpson, infant and maid

Maj and Mrs J R Sharp
Miss E Adam
Miss Watson
Mrs Scofield and infant
Mr A B Simpson
Mr J Yardley
Major J Fraser
Mr F W Playfair

FOR BRINDISI.

Capt J A H Pollock
Major G F Churchill
Mr Bhagat Ram
Lord Bantry
Dr Spencer

Dr G L Kellie
Col H E Caningham
Mr C M W Brett
Mr Hugh C Bell

FOR VENICE.

Genl and Mrs H H James
Mr H D Baddeley
Mr and Mrs W L Buyers

Mr A H S Martindale
Mr C S Martindale
Col Brereton

FOR ADEN—Mr and Mrs J Merwanjee and infant

The following passages have been engaged:—

By the s.s. Assam, Capt S F Cole, sailing on 30th October.

FOR LONDON.

Lady Stewart & 2 daughters
Capt Haines

Major Evan Thomas

FOR VENICE.—Mrs Bird and child

FOR BRINDISI.—Col C K M Walter

By the s.s. Peshawur, Capt L H Moule, sailing on 6th November.

FOR LONDON.

Maj A G and Mrs Begbie and 4 children and nurse

Mrs Sale Hill
Mrs A M Lang

FOR BRINDISI.

Lieut C L Wilson
Rev Henry Schaffter

Mr J Kennedy

By the s.s. Rome. Capt G F Cates, sailing on 13th November.

FOR VENICE—Miss Davidson

FOR MARSEILLES.

Mrs Barrow and infant

Col and Mrs C E Perry

NON-GRADUATE GRIEVANCES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—To your correspondent "Tiwibi," who makes no distinction between a concession and a promise, the drafter of the new rules about graduates and non-graduates seems to keep one promise by breaking another. It is feared that those of your readers who are not acquainted with the old rules might commit the same mistake, and misunderstand the scope of the rules recently published. In 1878 Sir Richard Temple framed a set of rules, reserving the higher appointments in the Revenue Department for university men. One concession was, however, made in favour of those of the said department who entered it before 1st January, 1879. It was ruled that those of the latter class of officers who passed the prescribed tests before 31st December, 1880, were to be classed with graduates. Tempted by hopes of speedy promotion to mamlats thus held out to them, and honestly believing in the promise given by Government, graduates calculated their chances of promotion, always making sufficient allowance for a certain number of non-graduate officers who were to claim equality with them before the end of December, 1880, and entered the Revenue Department. But with the departure of Sir Richard Temple dates a departure from his rules. The period within which the non-graduate officers were to qualify themselves for mamlats was extended little by little, to the great surprise and disappointment of university men. At the beginning of their career they were flattering themselves with hopes of promotion to mamlats within some two years of their entrance. But even after a career of four years many of them find themselves little better than simple head-karkoons or in an analogous position, while they see that their fellow students and their juniors, who were prudent enough not to be dazzled by the bright prospects of the Revenue line and to follow the law line, have become subordinate judges, or pleaders practising with much success. Many of the graduates who then accepted second karkoonships, worth Rs. 35 or 30 per mensem, would have certainly been equally happy in that career had it not been for their faith in the promise. Your correspondent will perhaps now thoroughly understand the gravity of the promise given to graduates, and the bitterness of the disappointment felt by them at every departure from the first set of rules. On collecting statistics "Tiwibi" will find that those of the non-graduates who could establish their equality with graduates before December, 1880, have been provided with mamlatdarships, with one or two exceptions in the Central Division. He will also see that during the first four years the non-graduates had a kind of monopoly of higher appointments and mamlats. They had the field before them quite clear of graduates. It is useless now to examine into the claims of those who have got mamlats and who so far claim equality with university men. Suffice it to say that the non-graduates have had enough of mamlats, and that the graduates should now be looked to. It is simply ungracious to grudge the latter the preference, which they deserve for the indifference they were suffering from, if not for anything else. It is not very just to envy the graduates the dregs, when non-graduates are enjoying the sweets of the rules, avowedly framed with a view to encourage higher education and to secure a greater amount of intelligence to the department concerned. "Tiwibi" will see that the drafter has broken no promise to keep faith with graduates. The new rules do little beyond seeking to justly right the graduates' claims.

Oct 20. K.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Band, B. V. R., Esplanade, evening.
Departure of the English mail, 5 p.m.
Polo, 5 p.m.
Gaiety Theatre, 9 p.m.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Futtay Issilamo, for Damaun; Bhowenuggur (s), Bhownuggur; and Sirdhana (s), Calcutta and Coasts.

MUSIC AT THE ESPLANADE BANDSTAND.—The following programme of music will be played by the band of the Bombay Volunteer Rifles at the Esplanade Bandstand this evening:—

Overture	Bauer und Dichter	Suppé.
Valse	Soirée d'Ete	Waldteufel.
Grand Selection	Macbeth (No. 1)	Verdi.
Quadrille	La Grande Duchesse	Strauss.
Galop	La Fanfare	Faust.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Bankelow entered the dock yesterday.

GAIETY THEATRE.—A performance will be given at the Gaiety Theatre to-night in aid of the Indian Contingent Reception Fund.

LOST PROPERTY.—Hemraj Megjee has reported to the police that his wife forgetfully left a gold neck-ornament, valued at Rs. 75, at the Mombadevi Tank on Wednesday.

POLO.—The game this afternoon at 5 is:—Black and Yellow—Mr. Arthur, Mr. Craigie, Mr. King, and Mr. Wallace—vs. White—Mr. Barton, Mr. Gray, Mr. Macrae, Mr. Prevost, and Mr. Richards.

THEFT OF A WATCH.—Mr. R. H. Webb, residing at the Y. M. C. A. Rooms, Apollo-bunder, has reported that on Wednesday a silver watch and chain, valued at Rs. 66, were stolen from him.

ACCIDENT AT THE DOCK EXTENSION.—Anthia Bappoo was admitted to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital yesterday morning with a broken leg. He was a labourer employed by Kirby and Co. at the new dock extension, and somehow fell into a deep excavation, and fractured his thigh.

A DISGRACED HEAD-CONSTABLE.—Mir Kasamali valad Sayad Imam, late head-constable, first class, of the Khandesh Police, having been convicted and sentenced to rigorous imprisonment, is hereby declared ineligible for employment in any capacity in the service of Government.—*Bombay Government Gazette.*

THE CATHOLIC CHURCH AT DABUL.—On Sunday next, the 25th inst., the annual Feast of N. S. de Piedade will be celebrated with the Exposition of the Blessed Sacrament at St. Francis Xavier's Church, Dabul. The High Mass will commence at 9 o'clock, followed by procession and benediction, after which there will be the annual meeting of the associates for the purpose of receiving the report of the working of the society for the current year.

BREACH OF THE MUNICIPAL BYE-LAWS.—Soobha Jooman and Hoosainbux Buffatee were yesterday charged, at the instance of Enoch Solomon, a market sub-inspector, before Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee, with bringing meat from Coorla into the city of Bombay for sale without a pass or permission from the Municipal Commissioner. They admitted the offence. There being seven previous convictions against the first accused, he was fined Rs. 20, and the second Rs. 5.

SINGULAR RECOVERY OF STOLEN MONEY.—Last week a report was made by a native firm, Toolsrram Masoodilal, that they had been robbed of nearly eight thousand rupees, and a reward of Rs. 500 was offered for its recovery. On the premises of the complainants being searched by the police, the money was found intact in a hole in the wall of a back room. A day or two after, the complainants, in fulfilment of their offer of a reward, sent Mr. Gell, Deputy Commissioner of Police, five hundred rupees, to be distributed among the police officers who assisted in the search; but that gentleman, being of opinion that the police had done nothing to earn the reward, has forwarded the money to Mr. Cooper for the benefit of the Police Court poor-box.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS IN BOMBAY.—The total number of deaths registered during the week ended on Tuesday, 20th October, was 426, being 34 more than in the previous week, 90 less than in the week ending 21st October, 1884, and 5 less than the mean of the corresponding period in the preceding five years. During the week 246 births were reported in the different districts of the city. The rate of mortality per 1,000 of population per annum was 24·20 calculated on the increase of population since 1884. There were 89 deaths from remitent fever, being 20 more than in the previous week, and 30 less than in the same period last year. The deaths from diseases of the respiratory system, diarrhœa and dysentery were last week 60, 24, and 12 respectively as compared with 64, 24, and 16 in the same time last year. Four deaths from cholera were registered last week, being 2 more than in the week previous.

THE RUBATTINO COMPANY.—We have been requested to publish the following:—"We, passengers on board the Manilla, desire to place on record our high sense of the comfort we have enjoyed, and the unfailing courtesy we have experienced, at the hands of Captain Cruciani and his staff. The speed maintained throughout the voyage has exceeded the hourly average of 12½ knots, and may therefore be deemed highly satisfactory. Fresh provisions, such as salad, butter, fruit, and plenty of ice, have been supplied at every meal without stint throughout the course of the voyage. The service of the stewards has been very efficient and noiseless. Among many other conveniences we would make special mention of the facility with which access to their luggage in the hold was at all times given to the passengers.—Major F. A. Wilson; Mr. John Jardine, Bo. C. S.; Mrs. Minnie Jardine, Mrs. F. B. Muloch; B. C. S., Mr. McEwan; Mr. Henry Boys, Mr. R. W. Trafford, B. C. S.; Rev. B. B. Scott; Mr. E J. Scott; Mr. G. W. Sibley; Mrs. Minnie C. Sibley; Dr. Alice B. Condict; Mr. H. Greys; Mr. C. H. Biscoe; Mr. J. Palmer; Mr. F. Paul.

THE INDIAN CONTINGENT RECEPTION FUND.

	Rs.
Amount previously acknowledged by the *Bombay Gazette*	780
Amount previously acknowledged by the *Times of India*	715
Further sums paid into the National Bank of India, Bombay:—	
Hon Justice H Birdwood	50
Vundravandas Purshotamdas	30
The Hon F L Latham	25
Vallibhai Khanbhai	25
F A Little	20
G F Pilcher	10
Khimjee Odhavjee	10
Muljee Bhavanidas Barbhay	10
Cowasjee Hormasjee	5
Dr J F Gonsalves	5
Dady D Ghandi	5
Dhanjeebhai Pestonjee Metha	5
Kanjee Muljee	5
Tribhovandas Vanidas	5
Dinsha Dadabhai	5
Dharamsey Kalidas	5
Total...Rs	1,715

Gentlemen wishing to subscribe are requested to send their subscriptions to the National Bank of India.

Holloway's Pills.—The changes of temperature and weather frequently upset persons who are most cautious of their health, and most particular in their diets. These corrective, purifying, and gentle aperient Pills are the best remedy for all defective actions of the digestive organs; they augment the appetite, strengthen the stomach, correct biliousness, and carry off all that is noxious from the system. Holloway's Pills are composed of rare balsams, unmixed with base matter, and on that account are peculiarly well adapted for the young, delicate, and aged. As this peerless medicine has gained fame in the past, so will it preserve it in the future by its renovating and invigorating qualities, and its incapability of doing harm.

THE CENTRAL INDIA P. W. D. CASE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

INDORE, OCT. 19.

THE trial of the Queen-Empress *vs.* Koversein, sub-overseer in the P. W. D., was continued this morning before Mr. Petre, C. S., First Assistant to the Agent Governor-General, Central India, and two assessors.

Mr. Chatterjee, pleader, prosecuted, and Mr. Taylor, barrister-at-law, with Mr. Fuller, defended the accused.

Colonel Thomason, Superintending Engineer, Central India, was sworn and examined by Mr. Litster, Acting Executive Engineer.

Q.—When you went on the Dhar-Sirdarpore road on the 26th August, 1885, did you measure the metal on the road?—Yes, I measured very carefully miles 7 to 17.

Court.—What depth of metal did you find there? This is a memo. of measurements (shows paper).

Mr. Taylor.—Have you no other measurements?

Court.—This will answer.

Mr. Taylor.—What has the charge been brought forward for?

Court.—For embezzlement.

Mr. Taylor.—This charge was not brought forward before Major Martelli.

The court overruled Mr. Taylor's objection to its being a new charge now brought forward.

Counsel expressed regret that the court should overrule, and asked it to be recorded.

Mr. Litster (to the court).—According to amounts, a mile contains 26,400 cubit feet.

Court.—To what depth does the consolidation go?

Colonel Thomason.—A 6-inch coat consolidates to 4½ inches.

Court.—Not less than 4½ inches?—Not possibly less.

Mr. Litster.—What are the actual average measurements?—My measurements are only to depths of metal, and these are the measurements.

Mr. Taylor.—How were they measured?—When I was going on my inspection, I ordered holes to be prepared at every furlong, showing the depth of the metal. These holes were done by temporary sub-overseer Dulloo Nowla. The paper produced represents the measurements of the sub-overseer. I took it with me, and checked them every now and then, digging fresh holes near the old ones. There might be slight discrepancies, as I have noted here; but on the whole the measurements are liberal as regards the prisoner, so I let them stand.

Court.—Did you find in many places that the metal was less than 4½ inches?—Yes, take this fairly, I found 2½, &c., instead of 4½ inches. I measured from mile 7 to mile 17.

Mr. Litster informed the court that miles 7, 8, and 11 did not have the full 6-inch coat of metal put down originally.

Mr. Taylor.—Colonel Thomason, I did not catch the date of your visit.

Colonel Thomason.—The 27th September, 1885; but I see it is written 26th September, 1885.

Mr. Taylor.—It does not matter.

Colonel Thomason.—It should be the 26th September, 1885.

Mr. Taylor.—Did you go down specially to make these measurements?—It was a regular inspection with reference to complaints that had been made to me by contractors.

Mr. Taylor.—Then you went with your mind pre-occupied with the impression that there was something wrong?

Colonel Thomason.—I should have eventually inspected the road, whether these facts cropped up or not.

Mr. Taylor.—What do you estimate the quantity of metal on the road?—Short of the supposition of metal being taken off the road, it must have been in the same state as when Koversein was arrested.

Mr. Taylor.—The inference is that had you not received these complaints you would not have gone over the road.

Colonel Thomason.—I don't quite understand you.

Mr. Taylor.—How was it that you went down specially? Was it Mr. Litster who informed you of this shortcoming?

Colonel Thomason here entered into a lengthy statement, when the court interposed.—Yes or no, Colonel Thomason?—Yes.

Mr. Taylor.—Did Mr. Litster go down with you?—Yes.

Mr. Taylor.—Did he make the measurements minutely?—Yes, and many of them we did together.

Mr. Taylor.—Have you any other official record regarding these measurements?—I have only this.

Mr. Taylor.—But surely you have others?—Mr. Litster may have.

Mr. Taylor.—What do you call this?—I call this a private memo., made by the person who went down to do the measurements.

Q.—In whose handwriting is this made out; is it in engine-driver Stewart's?—I don't know.

Q.—Then you did not think it worth your while to record it in the office book?—No.

Q.—Then this paper was specially made out, and had not this occurred no inspection would have been made?—Certainly, I intended going.

Q.—Then what is the inference; has any fraud been committed?—There ought to have been 4½ inches of metal right through, whereas in some places there was something less.

Q.—How much would you usually expect?—4½ inches.

Q.—Have you any means of ascertaining what amount of metal was laid down?—No papers except the accounts show the delivery.

Q.—Can you show in the accounts that the metal was actually put down?—Not from memory, but from the depths shown in memo. there is about 8,000 cubit feet of metal missing per mile.

Q.—How much was actually laid down? About half the metal.

Q.—Then half the metal is gone?—It was about Rs. 8,000.

Q.—Do you know what period of rolling the road has been subjected to?—The rolling began with the rains.

Q.—Was other rolling done?—Yes, there was a deal of dry rolling done which should have been done. I recommended dry rolling—the experiment showed that should have been stopped. The road was rolled for eight months.

Q.—How much of dry metal should remain?—I don't think that any amount of dry rolling would lower it to 4½ inches.

Q.—Did you nominate Koversein to a sub-division?—I think it was suggested by Mr. Knight, and I approved. Of course, Mr. Knight would know more about the man than I do.

Q.—You make periodical tours of inspection?—Yes, sometimes in one part of Central India, sometimes in another.

Q.—I believe you hold the appointment of Superintending Engineer?—Yes.

Q.—For some time?—Yes.

Q.—You say as Superintending Engineer?—Yes.

Q.—There is a large book of regulations about duties of all officers?—Yes, the Code.

Q.—How long before this inspection had you gone on the road? On what road?

Q.—On the Dhar-Sirdarpur road?

Colonel Thomason.—As Superintending Engineer?

Mr. Taylor.—Yes. Have you been on that road before?—No.

Q.—By the Code you have a measurement book?—Colonel Thomason: Where?

Mr. Taylor.—Is there any measurement book in any one of the offices?—There ought to be.

Q.—Do you know of the existence of a Measurement Book in any of the offices?

Colonel Thomason.—Where?

Mr. Taylor.—Have you a measurement book at all, kept anywhere in the sub-division or the Executive Engineer's Office? Have they got the book called the Measurement Book?—Colonel Thomason; What book?

Mr. Taylor.—There ought to be an official record of the work you went to measure.

Colonel Thomason.—I do not understand you.

Mr. Taylor.—The Measurement Book named in Code, chap XII., para 100. Mr. Taylor here read the para. in question, which runs as follows:—"The Measurement Book is the basis of all accounts of quantities, whether of work done by piece-work or by contract, or of materials received or issued. The form should be prepared on the specific instructions of the Superintending Engineer concerned. The entry should be extracted from the official note-book, *vide* para. 47. From the Measurement Book all quantities should be clearly traceable into the accounts; for large works a separate Measurement Book may be specially set apart, or if found convenient, even two or more books may be set apart for different classes of work. These books must be looked upon as important records; they should be carefully checked by the Executive Engineer, and the eventual return of all books to the divisional office for record should be insisted upon. The Superintending Engineer is requested to make it a special duty to see that Measurement Books are carefully kept, and measurements carefully recorded, and that they are complete records of each kind of work done for which certificates have been granted. Whenever a sub-divisional officer is required to submit his Measurement Book with his accounts to the divisional officer, it will be necessary to provide a second book."

The court.—Is there a Measurement Book, or was there a Measurement Book in the prisoner's office?

Mr. Taylor.—It should exist, and the Superintending Engineer is required to make it a special duty to see that the book is properly kept. (To witness). Did you do so, or did you not?—I should have had to do it. I did not do it on this occasion. My inspection report is not yet complete.

Mr. Taylor remarked that the book had evidently no existence.

Q.—How long after this work was made did you make this inspection?—The rolling was incomplete for want of rain. I did not measure the soleing coat; the upper metalling was measured.

Q.—Did you see the soling coat metalled?—This was done before, and accepted by Mr. Knight.

Q.—Did you see when the second coat was done?—No, as the road was reported to be likely to be completed in September, 1885.

Q.—Did you see the top or third coat done?—No, it is being rolled. I did not see the steam-roller. There was only an ordinary roller at work, and not a steam one. I know that the Code rules regarding payment to contractors is strict; that they are not to be paid by an upper or lower subordinate. The cheque should be given to the contractor. I think the cheque should be payable to order. I cannot recollect exactly when Mr. Litster reported, perhaps on the 10th or 13th August. There were only anonymous reports before Mr. Litster's.

Hanumandass Bania, on solemn affirmation, said.—I know Koversein. He used to live in my house. There was only a tatty between us. I bought twenty or twenty-one cheques from him. I gave the money to him. He used to give the money to contractors. He sometimes gave "Halli" and sometimes Government rupees. I do not know anything about the Hindi *farkhati*, and under what circumstances it was given. I saw it written, but I don't know for what it was. It was not read out. I remember that there were endorsements in my favour on ten or twelve of the cheques I bought. For the rest accused sent for another Bania, and had them endorsed over to me by him. Koversein made the marks of the endorsing contractor himself. The contractors were not there, yet I took the cheques. One of the persons who wrote the endorsement was Sheoshai, and there was another, but I don't remember his name.

Cross-examined by Mr. Fuller.—I was imprisoned by the Dhar Durbar. I was accused of making away with 10,000 rupees' worth of State property. I took the cheques to realize them. The cheques were sold to Parshadiram and Dalalsing. Parshadiram is my grandfather. I bought Lallshkana's cheques for Rs. 1,113-8. I also took Gunesh's for Rs. 63-12 from Koversein. I did not take a cheque for Rs. 265 from Sahibdin, but from the accused. I do not know who wrote the endorsement on Sahibdin's cheque. I do not know who endorsed Lallakhana's cheque. They were given me by Koversein on commission. I did write the endorsement on some cheques. I did not sign any contractor's name or make his mark. These transactions are not entered in my books. I cannot say if I took a cheque for Rs. 300 from Moorad Bux. I did not send a message to Koversein demanding Rs. 500 as a gratification not to hand him up to Mr. Litster. I did not send for Koversein. I did not say anything to him about theft of Gunesh's ox. I have not two forged receipts of contractors. I did not say to Major Martelli that Moorad Bux's account was settled in my presence. I did say so regarding Lallakhana's. Prisoner was not there. I used to get four annas per cent. on the cheques. I reported to Mr. Knight that I was in the habit of taking cheques from Koversein. He said nothing. I sent no anonymous petitions. I got eight or ten months' imprisonment and 500 rupees fine in the case brought against me by the Dhar Durbar. Mr. Litster did not promise me the treasurership, if the case was all right. There was no one else, to my recollection, present at the writing but the accused, Sheoshai, and myself.

This closed the case for the prosecution. Mr. Taylor stated that he had a few witnesses to examine for the defence, after which he would sum up the evidence.

A MUNICIPAL CASE.

HAJEE ISMAIL HAJEE ESSA was yesterday summoned to appear before Mr. Cooper by the Municipality for not complying with a notice requiring him to cut a chowk on the east side of a latrine in his house. Mr. Buckland appeared for the Municipality, and Mr. Brown for the defendant. The facts of the case are fully set forth in the following judgment delivered by Mr. Cooper. His worship said:—The defendant in this case received a notice on the 3rd of September last, stamped at the foot "E. C. K. Ollivant, Municipal Commissioner for the city of Bombay." It is addressed to the defendant, and is headed, "Section 185 of Bombay Act III of 1873, and Act IV. of 1878. I hereby require you within seven days from the date hereof to ventilate the privy by cutting a chowk three inches by three inches from top to bottom of the house on the east side of the privy of which you are the owner at No. 12 to 14, Chunam-kiln-cross-lane, Bombay; and take notice that in default of compliance with this requisition you will be liable to a penalty of Rs. 50 under the provisions of section 185 of Bombay Act III. of 1872 and Act IV. of 1878. Mr. Brown, on behalf of the defendant, contended the notice was bad in that it described the chowk required as three inches square, whereas what the Commissioner required was a chowk three feet square; that the notice bore the name of the Commissioner stamped at the foot, but it was not proved that it was stamped by the Commissioner himself or by some person authorised by him; that the previous notice of the 7th July last calling on the defendant, under the section (182), to ventilate the privies by constructing chowks or openings over them had been complied with, with the approval of the assistant health officer; that under section 185 the Commissioner had no power to cause a material alteration to a house for the purpose of ventilating a privy. No doubt the written notice was informal, but Mr. Glover, when he served the notice, informed the defendant that the chowk required was three feet square. It has not been proved that the notice was stamped by the Commissioner, or by some person authorised by him. Section 279, referred to by Mr. Buckland, does not exempt him from proving that the Commissioner, or some one authorised by him, stamped his name to the notice. If the case turned simply on this I would now give Mr. Buckland an opportunity of completing his case by calling further evidence. The previous notice of the 7th of July last having been complied with by the defendant, does not prevent the Commissioner from further action under section, 185, if the Commissioner, after consulting the Health Officer, thinks it necessary to take further action. As to the question of the cutting a chowk from the top to the bottom of the house, Dr Davidson, the Acting Health Officer, stated he found the premises in an unwholesome state, caused by want of ventilation of the privy principally. The privies on the ground floor were hardly ventilated at all. It would improve the privies to have an air shaft cut three feet square from top to bottom on the east side of the privies. He thought it was practicable after consulting the engineers. If the chowk was cut it would mean going through the roof and each one of the floors. It would only be necessary to build up two walls to the chowk. Mr Hewson, the Civil Engineer, who was called by Mr. Brown, said, "I call cutting a chowk three feet by three feet a very material alteration to a house. I have made an approximate estimate of the cost. It would cost over Rs. 700. To provide the chowk required would very materially interfere with the ventilation of the house. Part of the windows could be used to ventilate the shaft, and be cut off from the house. There would still remain one window to the rooms on each floor. The alteration required by the Municipal Commissioner would necessitate cutting through the roof and the several floors of the house, and afterwards building up a shaft through the several rooms to the roof three feet square, which space would be taken from each of the rooms through which it passed. It would also block out the light and air from one window on each of the rooms." The sec. 185, under which the Municipal Commissioner has taken action in this case, states, "All privies shall be under the control of the Commissioner, and if the owner of a privy shall fail to alter, cover, pave, pitch, drain, trap, ventilate, repair, clear, or remove any encroachment from, or otherwise keep the same in such order as shall by the Commissioner, after consulting the Health Officer, be deemed necessary, he shall be liable to a penalty," etc. Under that section the control of privies in this city is vested in the Commissioner, and after consulting the Health Officer if the Commissioner deems it necessary he has power to order privies to be altered, ventilated, etc. It is necessary to construe a section of this nature most strictly. The section does not place the control of buildings adjoining privies under the Commissioner, nor does it give him power to pull down or alter such adjoining buildings for the purpose of ventilating privies. It only gives him power over privies and only over privy building or erection, and he has only power under the section to order the privy building or erection to be altered, covered, paved, pitched, drained, trapped, ventilated, repaired, cleaned, or any encroachment removed therefrom, and to order the same to be kept in order. Therefore the Municipal Commissioner had no power, under that section, to order the chowk to be made in the defendant's house. The accused is acquitted.

MEETINGS OF PUBLIC COMPANIES.

THE KURRACHEE ICE COMPANY.

THE fifth ordinary general meeting of the company was held yesterday, Mr. A. W. Forde, the chairman of the company, presiding.

The following report of the directors for the period ending 31st August, 1885, was submitted to the meeting:—

"The receipts amount to Rs. 24,017-9-3 and the disbursements to Rs. 16,984-4-4, leaving a profit of Rs. 7,033-4-11 which together with the balance of Rs. 40-11-5 brought forward from last year, makes an aggregate of Rs. 7,074-0-4 available for distribution. The board, therefore, recommend the payment of a dividend at the rate of Rs. 5 per share, absorbing Rs. 7,000, leaving the balance of Rs. 74-0-4 to be carried forward to next year's account. The following is a recapitulation of the working of the company since its foundation:—

	Profit. Rs. a. p.	Loss. Rs. a. p.
Period ending 30th June 1881	77 13 2	....
Year „ „ „ 1882	....	3,939 4 0
„ „ „ 1883	149 7 2	....
„ „ „ 1884	3,752 11 1	....
Period of 14 months ended 31st August 1885	7,033 4 11	....

The factory has been let for three years at a rental of Rs. 20,000 a year, which should suffice to pay an annual dividend at the rate of Rs. 5 per share. The present report and accounts cover a period of fourteen months instead of twelve, as formerly, it having been found inconvenient to close the accounts on the 30th June. In future, it is intended to close the accounts on 31st August."

Resolutions were passed adopting the report; declaring a dividend of Rs. 5 per share; re-electing Mr. Trimbak R. Telang as a director and Mr. A. W. Forde as chairman; and re-appointing Messrs. N. S Symons and N. S. Jamsetjee as auditors at a remuneration of Rs. 50 each. A vote of thanks was tendered to the chairman, directors, and agents of the company; and the meeting was brought to a close.

THE DHOLLERA PRESS AND GINNING COMPANY.

THE annual general meeting of this company was held yesterday evening in Forbes-street. Mr. John R. Greaves presided. The following report of the directors was submitted to the shareholders:—

"Your directors have now to present their report, together with audited statement of accounts made up to June 30, 1885. O[illegible] the departure of Mr. Lidbetter from B[illegible] account of ill-health, your directors [illegible] under the necessity [illegible] special [illegible] shareholders to appoint [illegible] and at a meeting held on the 21st S[illegible] 85, Mr. W. G. Wilson was appointed [illegible] the company's account[illegible]. In accordance w[illegible] terms of the resolution passed at the meeting held on 3rd September 1884, your directors have now to report that the company's property has been leased to Messrs. Whittle and Company for a period of five years, commencing from July 1st, 1884, at an annual rental of rupees thirteen thousand. The repairs to the Dhollera factory have, it will be noted, cost considerably more than was originally estimated; this is owing to the necessity that arose during the progress of the alterations to repair the old gin house, roof, re-seats the boilers, and other matters necessary to make a good job of the alterations whilst in hand. With the exception of the cost of a few pipes, no further expenditure is to be expected under this head. The alterations were not fully completed for the time specified in the lease for giving over possession to the lessees, and this coupled with an unusually indifferent year for cotton in the Dhollera districts has influenced your directors in considering a proposal from the lessees that an allowance of Rs 2,200 should be made to them. The agents are willing to forego Rs 1,000, their office allowance, and your directors recommend that the shareholders should remit the balance of Rs 1,200. The accounts have been prepared on this basis, and looking to the general unsatisfactory nature of the results of cotton ginning and pressing in various districts, your directors are of opinion that the shareholders of the company are to be congratulated on their having leased the factory and presses. Referring to the statements annexed you will note that the amount to the credit of profit and loss account is Rs 9,018-0-2, and from this your directors recommend a dividend at the rate of Rs 12 per share should be paid that Rs 2,500 be placed to a reserve fund to pay off liabilities, and that the balance of Rs 518-0-2 be carried forward to the credit of profit and loss account."

The report was adopted on the motion of the chairman; a dividend of Rs. 12 per share was declared; Mr. E. Spinner was re-elected a director; and Mr. Thomas Lidbetter was re-appointed auditor at a remuneration of Rs. 100 a year. A vote of thanks to the chairman concluded the meeting.

THE GORDON MILLS

A GENERAL MEETING of shareholders of the Gordon Mills was held yesterday afternoon, at No. 6, Hornby-row, Mr. C. H. B. Forbes in the chair.

The following report was submitted:—On the 14th May last the directors submitted to the shareholders in general meeting a report with the balance sheet and profit and loss account of the working of the company from the 1st October to the 13th December, 1884, and the directors now beg to lay before the shareholders their further report with the balance sheet and profit and loss account made up from the 1st January to 31st May, 1885, showing that there has been a loss during that period of Rs. 65,915-11-5, which includes the sum of Rs. 41,570-14-8 for interest on loans made to the company on capital account and a further sum of Rs. 7,997-9-10 for interest on moneys received on working account together amounting to Rs. 49,568-8-6. The directors previous report of December and April last, must in a great measure have prepared the shareholders for this very unsatisfactory result of the working of the mill during the period under review. The directors regret to record that during that period there was no recovery in the prices of yarn and no possibility of lessening the capital debt due by the company. It will be remembered that in their last report the directors informed the shareholders that in accordance with resolution passed at the shareholders' meeting held on the 23rd March last, the directors had stopped the working of the mill on the 4th April, 1885, and also that the mortgagee, Mr. Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, had been working the mill (under the arrangement mentioned in that report) from the 8th April last, accounting to the company as mortgagee in possession of the mill. Had it not been for this arrangement the Company's loss during the period now under report and also since that period, and at the present time must have been yet more considerable. The directors are therefore glad to state that the working of the mill is still continued by the mortgage, under the arrangement in question. In the last report the shareholders were informed that the mortgagee in acceding to that arrangement had stipulated that the company should be put into liquidation as soon as possible, that the scheme for reconstruction on the basis approved by the shareholders at their meeting on the 23rd March last, should be carried out, and that the new company should commence to work in accordance therewith on or before the 31st day of July, 1885. The directors and the agents have used their very best endeavours to carry out the scheme of reconstruction above referred to, but they much regret to say that all efforts for that purpose up to now have proved unavailing, owing (among other reasons) to the fall in the company's shares and to their continued low quotation down to the present time. The directors, however, would still recommend the shareholders not to abandon altogether the project of the formation of a new company. It being evident that reconstruction on the basis of the scheme approved on the 23rd of last March is not feasible, a new scheme has been prepared and submitted to the shareholders herewith. It will appear from the scheme in question that if the company can be reconstructed within the time therein mentioned, the mortgagee is prepared to accede to terms with reference to the interest on his mortgage debt, and the time for calling in the same, which are very favourable to the shareholders. The directors would therefore strongly advise that an effort be made to reconstruct the company upon the basis of the new scheme. Your directors beg to inform you that the sum of rupees one lakh, being the amount of the first instalment payable to the mortgagee fell due on the 11th August, 1885, and the mortgagees thereupon served the company with a notice calling upon them to pay off the moneys due to him under his mortgage, in default of which payment the mortgagee is empowered to sell the mill three months after the service of the notice, say on or after the 11th November next. It is therefore of importance that immediate steps should be taken to effect a reconstruction, if the same be possible, before November next.

The chairman said that the report dealt so very fully with the position of the company, that it left very little for him to add. The shareholders would notice the heavy loss incurred, mostly through the interest which had to be paid on the borrowed capital. The position of the company was such they must either wind it up or reconstruct. It was, of course, for the meeting to decide which was the more preferable course.

On the motion of the chairman, seconded by Mr. Nanabhoy B. Jeejeebhoy, it was then unanimously resolved to adopt the directors' report and the balance sheet of profit and loss account made up from the 1st January to 31st May, 1885.

Some of the shareholders suggested that the value of each of the new shares should be Rs. 200.

Mr. Dinshah M. Petit explained that if the value of the new shares were placed at Rs. 200, instead of Rs. 175, each, they may not be taken up by the public, in which case the mortgagee would go to the court, and in that case there would be no remedy but to put the mill up to auction.

It was proposed by Mr Bapoobhoy Kalidas and seconded by Mr Bomonjee Pallonjee Nicholson and carried, with only two dissentients, "That it is desirable to reconstruct the company on the following basis; that the new company be formed out with a capital of Rs. 14,55,000, to be divided into 9,700 shares of the value of Rs. 150 each; that each shareholder in the present company, in respect of each share therein held by him, one fully paid up share in the new company be allotted, and the sum of Rs 25, in cash, be paid by the new company. That the remaining shares in the new company be offered to the public, but that every shareholder in the old company who may apply for an allotment of shares in the new company shall have the preference in allotment over all applicants who shall not be shareholders in the present company. That in all respects not inconsistent with the above terms the basis of re-construction be the same as that proposed by the directors in their report. That the directors to take the necessary steps to give effect to the above scheme."

Mr. Bomonjee P. Nicholson proposed, and Mr Govindram Gungadas seconded, "That the thanks of the meeting be given to Mr. Dinshah M Petit for working the mill since April last up to the present time, without charging anything for his commission for that period." The resolution was carried.

It was also resolved on the motion of Mr. Goculdas Jugmohundas, seconded by Mr. Ruttonjee Manockjee, "That the thanks of the meeting be tendered to the directors and the agents for their good management of the company's affairs."

The meeting then separated, with the usual vote of thanks to the chairman.

THE HEALTH OF THE PRESIDENCY

THE following Resolution of Government on the Sanitary Commissioner's Report for 1884 was issued yesterday:—

The total number of births registered in the Bombay Presidency in 1884 was 534,723 as compared with 501,801 in 1883, the average number recorded in the ten years ending 1883 being 368,558. The proportion of births registered to the population (32·50 per mille) was higher by 2 than in the previous year and by 9·89 than the average proportion in the previous ten years. It appears that the registration of births in the capital of the Presidency, instead of improving, is becoming more defective. The deduced birth-rate in the year under review was 18·59 per mille while in the previous year it was 19·31 per mille; it was 26·38 per mille in 1883, and the average rate of the ten years ending 1883 was 21·19 per mille. As the population enumerated at the census included many males who come temporarily to Bombay for labour, the birth-rate of the city is probably below the average, but if the [illegible] birth-rate is, as believed by the Sanitary Com[illegible]sioner, not less than 45 per mille, it is clear that [illegible] highest of the figures above given are very far f[illegible] representing the actual birth-rate. This sub[illegible] has been noticed in paragraph 21 of Governm[illegible] Resolution No. 1167, dated 30th March, 1885, re[illegible]ing the Municipal Administration Reports f[illegible] 84, and the Municipal Commissioner sho[illegible] be requested to take early measures fo[illegible] the registration. The deduced birth-[illegible] 15 88 per mille) was even lower th[illegible] (The Sanitary Commissioner sta[illegible] proportion of still-born children [illegible] per cent.) and in Kanara (5·6[illegible] attract attention and inve[illegible] desired to issue the neces[illegible] Kanara, and the Munici[illegible] bay should be request[illegible] made regarding the [illegible] reported still-born [illegible] ber of deaths reg[illegible] was 408,409 or 2[illegible] 420,198 or 25·53 [illegible] the total numb[illegible] were those of [illegible] per cent. of [illegible] of age. T[illegible] correct [illegible] among[illegible] tion. [illegible] due to [illegible] attacks in the w[illegible] cent. as compared with [illegible] The proportion was 78[illegible] which is higher than in any other [illegible] Circle except the district of Ahmedabad. Mr. Hewlett states that one of the principal causes of the unusual fatality of cholera in Bombay is "the long distances which the patients have to be carried to hospital," but it must not be overlooked that in the rest of the Presidency most cholera patients are not treated in hospitals or dispensaries at all, and that this theory did not meet with the support of other medical officers whose opinions on the subject were called for. The high apparent proportion of deaths to attacks in Bombay is probably in a great measure due to the circumstance that many attacks which do not terminate fatally are not reported at all.

There was an increase of 1,034 in the number of deaths (14,438) reported as having resulted from small-pox.

The number of deaths attributed to fever was 276,989 in 1884 as compared with 266,741 in 1883, the average number of deaths ascribed to it in the ten years ending 1883 being 263,385. It has previously been explained that illiterate persons in this country are inclined to assign fever as the cause of a death which is not due to some other easily recognized cause.

The number of deaths from bowel complaints was larger by 691 than that recorded in 1883.

There was a decrease of 408 in the number of deaths (5,570) registered as resulting from injuries

The expenditure on military sanitary works incurred in 1884 amounted to Rs. 98,885 as compared with Rs. 1,74,733 in 1883. Large sums were expended on sanitary improvements in the cantonments at Ahmedabad, Nasirabad, and Aden, while in eighteen other cantonments minor works were carried out.

During the year under review Municipalities were informed that the services of Lieut-Colonel Ducat would be placed at the disposal of such as might desire them for the preparation and execution of designs for sanitary works on their undertaking to pay his salary and allowances during the period he might be so employed. His Excellency the Governor in Council has observed with satisfaction that the Municipalities of Hyderabad and Ahmedabad have already taken advantage of the offer.

The evidence of the non-contagiousness of cholera adduced by Mr. Hewlett is undoubtedly very strong. His Excellency in Council must, however, refrain from expressing any opinion how far Mr. Hewlett has succeeded in indicating the true origin of cholera and in proving that the disease is not contagious, as these questions are still subjects of controversy among experts, but it is admitted on all sides that the disease is fostered by filth and prevented or checked by cleanliness, and if this fact is persistently impressed on the people sanitary improvement will be facilitated.

Vaccination—The number of vaccinators employed in 1884-85 was 477 or 15 more than in 1883-84, of whom 275, including 20 candidate vaccinators, were paid from the Local Funds, 43 from Municipal Funds, 7 from Provincial and Cantonment Funds and the rest by Native States. The number of

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primary vaccinations fell from 826,965 in 1883-84 to 802,207 in 1884-85, but that of re-vaccinations rose from 56,874 in the former period to 63,361 in the latter. Only one case of inoculation was reported in the year under review.

The quality of the lymph received from England was found to be generally good. In the city of Bombay vaccination was carried on with animal lymph only. In Bandra, Poona, Jamnagar and in the Broach and Kaira Collectorates both animal and human lymph were used, but in all other places the operations were peformed with human lymph only.

The total expenditure on vaccination amounted to Rs 2,79,703 or Rs 9,965 more than in the previous year. The average cost of each successful operation was annas 5, 9, or 4 pies more than in the previous year.

His Excellency the Governor in Council observes with satisfaction that attention has been given to the instructions issued by the Government of India and by this Government regarding the reduction of the size of the report, and is persuaded that the report under review is for practical utility not inferior to any which have preceded it. It indicates the deep interest which Mr. Hewlett continues to take in his important duties, and the energy and efficiency with which he has supervised the work of the officers subordinate to him. The Governor in Council notices with pleasure the praise accorded to the Deputy Sanitary Commissioners, whose duties have been increased in the year under review by the tabulation of statistics in their offices an arrangement which is reported to work admirably.

BENGAL.

The Kidderpore Dock Scheme.—If any proof were required of the hollowness of the local agitation against the Kidderpur Dock scheme, it is supplied by the recent conference on the subject of the export trade. Such is the manner in which the export trade is hampered that it is considered absolutely necessary that something should be done in the way of providing increased facilities. At the conference, the expense and inconvenience of the present arrangement were represented, and the old complaint, the want of storage room on the Calcutta side of the river, was again brought forward. The representatives of the Port Commission replied that there was no available space for the further accommodation of export cargo, and that it was this very want of space that induced them to recommend the construction of docks. "The jetties cannot be used for unloading boats without stopping the work of discharging and loading sea-going vessels, for which work the present accommodation is already inadequate. The Commissioners take in as much export cargo as shippers choose to send by cart or tramway for shipment from the time when a vessel is announced as arriving at Saugor until the day before she leaves the jetties, and this places at the disposal of exporters a large and valuable space in which their goods are stored free of rent charge for a period of ten days." The simple truth is that the trade has been allowed to outrun the existing accommodation, and that docks ought to have been constructed long ago. As it is, let the works proceed as rapidly as possible, great loss and inconvenience will be sustained before they are ready, owing solely to the want of accommodation, which is already so severely felt. It must be borne in mind that these complaints are made at a time when business is abnormally dull. Before long we may look for a decided improvement in the state of trade, and the exporters may then expect to have a lively time of it. The conference was productive of certain good practical results, and it placed the dock scheme beyond the reach of attack or misrepresentation.—*Englishman.*

MADRAS.

The Anderson Case.—The suit of Mrs. Anderson, the late Matron Superintendent of the General Hospital, for the salary in lieu of notice to which she is advised she is entitled will occupy the attention of the High Court in a few days. Her appeal to the Secretary of State for the cancelment of the imputations cast by the Madras Government on her professional character is now under consideration.—*Mail.*

Locusts in Trichinopoly.—Mr. H. R. Farmer, Acting Collector, Trichinopoly, reported to the Secretary to the Board of Revenue, on the 4th ult. as follows:—"In continuation of my letter, No. 3217, dated the 21st ultimo, I have the honour to state that, from the report of the Deputy Tahsildar since received, it appears that on the morning of the 3rd idem a swarm of locusts came from the west and settled by the side of the Kusia river, running south of Kothamangalam village, on the growing crops of sugar-cane, ragi, &c. After a stay of three days they are said to have flown away in an easterly direction. Their flight was partly owing to the exertions of the villagers, who acted at once and *en masse* as indicated in Board's Proceedings, No. 2617, dated 4th September, 1883, and partly to the light showers of rain that fell at the time. The village is thus rid of the pest. The Deputy Tahsildar reports that he managed, after considerable trouble, to collect a few scattered specimens of the insect. The damage done was trifling. The Deputy Tahsildar has been directed to ascertain whether the swarm has settled in any other village in his division, and, if so, to instruct the officers as indicated in paragraph 4 of Board's Proceedings, No. 2617, dated 4th September, 1883."

A Madras Matrimonial Suit.—The final hearing of the suit Taylor *vs.* Taylor, in which the wife seeks for dissolution of marriage with her husband, has been fixed for the 17th November next. According to the affidavits filed in the case, the parties were married in St. Thomas' Mount on the 12th September, 1882, and they lived together up to the 23rd February last. The petitioner gave birth to a child, on the 5th December, 1883, shortly after the marriage, and more especially after the birth of the child, the respondent is alleged to have treated the petitioner with harshness and cruelty, using insulting language towards her and beating her with his fists and with other weapons, and as being a man of intemperate habits. In the month of September, 1884, the respondent, without any provocation, chased the petitioner with a loaded gun, but was prevented from doing injury to her by the interference of other inmates of the house. In the same month, it is alleged that the respondent on one occasion snatched the infant child from petitioner's arms and attempted to choke and kill it, when petitioner interfered and saved it. On another occasion he chased petitioner with a drawn sword. On the 23rd February, 1885, by reason of the great and continued cruelty of the respondent towards petitioners, petitioner left his house, and is now living with her mother in St. Thome. The petitioner, moreover, charged the respondent with living in adultery with his deceased brother's wife. The respondent, on the other hand, denies the adultery and the cruelty, and states that petitioner [illegible] his protection without his knowledge, he [illegible] out on duty at the time as a guard on the [illegible]ras Railway; that petitioner for three months [illegible]e her marriage lived with the respondent as [illegible] mistress. The respondent alleges that petitioner [illegible]eft his protection for no good purpose; that [illegible]d engaged rooms, and is in the habit of visit[illegible] being visited by gentlemen; that she is [illegible] immoral life. In the month of March [illegible]ing his protection, petitioner charged [illegible] in the Magistrate's Court, Egmore, [illegible] criminal force. Some arrangement [illegible] between the parties, and a deed [illegible]rawn up.

[illegible]rown Cod Liver Oil.—[illegible]s unequalled. Dr. Rose [illegible]omsbury, writes:—"In [illegible]ulous Affections, and in [illegible] associated with the [illegible] Liver Oil is very [illegible]d tone, restoring [illegible]ht colour to the [illegible]h's Oil is quite [illegible]d degenerative [illegible]suled imperial [illegible]sts, druggists, [illegible]rford & Co.,

[illegible]TED.

[illegible]T of [illegible] Compa[illegible]h inst. and for the [illegible]sses and forms of ap- [illegible] Bankers, Solicitors, and

By order of the Directors,
G. W. READ & Co.,
Agents.
Apollo-street, Bombay. 21st Oct., 1885.

ANNUAL SOCIAL GATHERING OF THE EX-ELPHINSTONIANS.

GENTLEMEN WISHING to JOIN the above SOCIAL GATHERING this year, are requested to communicate their names to the undersigned, at their earliest convenience. EX-STUDENTS of the ELPHINSTONE COLLEGE also are invited to join.

MERJIBHAI R. SETNA, L. M. & S.,
KEKHUSRU F. MODY, B. A.,
Hony. Secretaries.
Girgaum Back-road, 1st Oct. 1885.

MOFUSSIL COMPANY, LIMITED.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of GUNNIES and LABOUR for the following Factories of the Company during the coming cotton season. These requirements may be tendered for separately or together:—

Broach, Pallej, Randere, Sumnee, Khangaum, Sheagaum, Oomrawuttee, Moortizapore, Agra, Etawah, Kekri.

Tenders will be received up to 5th day of November 1885.

The Company does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order of the Directors,
A. W. CAMPBELL,
Acting Chief Agent.
Bombay, 21st Oct. 1885.

MATHERAN.

ALEXANDRA HOTEL
AND
PINTO'S HOTEL,
TO WHICH EIGHT BUNGALOWS ARE ATTACHED
NOW OPEN.

THE best known, and affording most comfortable accommodation to Visitiors and Families, occupy Central Position, and are nearest to the several points—Gymkhana, Church, and other Public Offices.

GOLD MEDAL TEA.

TRADE MARK K T E IN A TRIANGLE.

THE K T E TEAS, grown at an elevation of nearly 7,000 feet, reputed for their exquisite delicacy of flavour and aroma for which they have been awarded eight prizes, seven diplomas, and one first class certificate, are to be had from us in 1 lb. packets, and we respectfully solicit a trial from all who like a good cup of tea.

BOLTON AND COMPANY,
ESPLANADE ROAD.

SALES BY AUCTION.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & COMPANY.
41, MEADOW-STREET, BOMBAY.

SALE of Valuable Household Teak and Blackwood, Plain and Carved Furniture, Plated, Glass and Crockery ware, Rich Oleographs in gilt frames, table ornaments, &c., at Bell Lane, Fort.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 24th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the abovementioned place the valuable teak and blackwood household furniture, &c., belonging to a European gentleman.

The same consisting of glass, crockery and platedware, teakwood, carved and plain round, pier, dressing and dining tables, blackwood open carved conversation couches, easy, arm, drawing and dining room chairs, chiffoneers, teapoys, camp cots and bedsteads, s fas, wardrobes, rich oleographs in gilt frames, bentwood chairs, K. O. hanging lamps, commodes, bath tubs, cooking utensils, &c.

The property is now on view.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.
Bombay, 23rd October, 1885.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
7, MARINE-STREET, BOMBAY.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 23rd instant, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Apollo Street, Fort, next to Messrs. Pearse and Co., the valuable and handsome french-polished carved and plain blackwood, teakwood and inlaid satinwood household furniture, rich gilt ruby glass, 8 to 30 light chandeliers, 1 and 3 light wall brackets, handsome 1 to 8 light argand lamps, wall argand lamps, handsome large size pier glasses, handsome Brussels and velvet carpets, 1 set handsome inlaid velvet lined drawing-room furniture, handsome flower vases and table ornaments, handsome pictures, &c., the same comprises inlaid marble topped tables and teapoys, chiffoneers, ornament, hat and toilet stands, cabinets, drawing room hall and sofa couches, drawing room, easy, light folding, low long arm chairs drawing room, pier, writing, round, oval and dressing tables, wardrobe, clothes and gown press, chest of drawers, cheval glass, almira with mirror doors, ottoman rocking folding and bentwood chairs, wall brackets, wardrobe, with mirror doors, cup-boards, a set of handsome inlaid velvet lined drawing room furniture, made to order, handsome 8 to 30 light chandeliers, hanging wall argand lamps, large pier glasses, wall shades, large Brussels carpets, handsome flower vases and table ornaments, large musical box, oleographs, table lamps, clock, &c.

The above is on view.

SALE OF SUPERIOR TEAK SCANTLINGS.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 24th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Mazagon Darookhana, by order of Mr. Mirzamull Shewbux.

150 tons superior teak scantlings of various sizes.

In lots to suit purchasers.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 24th instant, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Cumballa Hill, above Messrs. Kemp and Co.'s establishment, the valuable and handsome french-polished carved and plain blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, a mahogany square pianoforte by Doring, a handsome canoe-shaped barouche by Collett, a handsome Stanhope mail phaeton also by Collett, a pair of handsome fast-trotting Arab horses, rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese flower vases, first rate pictures, superior Brussels carpets, gilt clock with dome, &c., the property of D. S. Kemp, Esq., the same comprises richly engraved glassware, superior porcelain dinner, dessert and breakfast service, best plated, cruet, liquor and pickle frames, hot water curry dishes, revolving butter cooler, egg stand, ice pitcher, tea and coffee pots, bachelor tea set, breakfast cruet, set of spoons and forks in mahogany case, fish knife and forks, silver blade fruit knives, forks and spoons, cutlery by Mappin, double reading lamp, handsome french polished furniture such as large size dining table, mahogany drawing-room, round and oval tables, with marble top, marble topped pier, side, square, camp, tea and morocco lined writing tables, marble topped teapoys, handsome marble topped washhand and dressing tables with dressing glass and drawers, drawing room full back sofas, reclining couch, drawing room, easy, low, round, back, long arm, reclining, and Madras pattern arm and without arm chairs, sideboard, toilet and corner toilet stands, corner cabinets, a mahogany square pianoforte by Doring, piano stool, Canterbury whatnot, teapoys, teakwood bedstead with spring mattress, single cot with hair mattress, baba cradle, handsome mahogany and teakwood almiras with side wings and mirror doors, mahogny book cases, three-seated ottoman wardrobe with mirror doors, chest of drawers, baba cot, handsome blackwood almira with mirror door, wall mirror in gilt frame, bookstands, dressing glass, hand sewing machine, folding partition screens, tripod stands, China washhand set, glass door cupboards, American rocking cane chairs and tables, flowered ground large Brussels carpet, handsome oleographs and oil paintings, handsome gilt eight-day clock, strikes half hour, wall mirrors in velvet frames, China and Japanese vases and jars, rich table ornaments, handsome duplex table lamps, valuable well bound reading and other books, bath dispense furniture, copper utensils, &c.

AT 2 P. M.

1 handsome strong built canoe-shaped barouche by Collett.
1 ,, ,, Stanhope mail phaeton ,,
1 pair handsome fast-trotting bay Arab horses.

Sets of brass mounted double and single harness and baba's gharry. Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY next, the 26th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms—

10 bales grey shirtings.
7 ,, ,, dhoties.
1 case white flannel.
1 ,, colored broad cloth.
1 Turner Gas Engine, 2 man power.
50 cases each 4 doz. quarts Laager beer.
10 ,, 6 doz. pints ,,

On account and at the risk of Essa Thavur.
P G—101—11—11—3 cases satin prints.

By order of Golabchund Kessowjee and on account and at the risk of Sonee Valljee Gangjee.

2 pearl diamond ruby and emerald tanmania, 5 diamond pudducks, 1 diamond nose ring, 1 brilliant nose ring, 1 gold ring and 13 pearls.

On account of Pranjeevun Munorbhoy—
1 pair gold Sakla and 1 silver lota.

On account of the underwriters, ex s.s. Laleham.
D Z—ex—1-3—1 sewing machines S.W. damaged.

AT 2 P. M.

1 strong double-seated brougham.
1 light buggy.
1 strong office shigram.

And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

SALE OF VALUABLE PEARL AND DIAMOND JEWELLERY.

On MONDAY next, the 26th next, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms by order of Messrs. Bhimjee Shamjee & Co and on account and at the risk of the heirs of the late Mr. Kessowjee Naek, the Mortgagor.

1 Pearl Necklace weighing about 100[illegible] chows with 2 Pendants.
1 Pearl and diamond necklace called K[illegible]
1 Pearl diamond Galpato.
1 Pearl diamond ruby and emerald Tool[illegible]
1 Toolsipatin.
1 Jauhar.
1 Goojri.
2 Patli.
1 Necklace with diamond pendant.
1 Sirpech.
1 Ruby ring.

The above will be on view from to-day.

On WEDNESDAY, the 28th instant, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "The Corner," Breach Candy, the residence of G. F. M. GRANT, Esq., C. S., the very valuable and handsome french-polished carved and plain blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, a sweet-toned semi-grand pianoforte by John Broadwood & Sons, a handsome miniature slate billiard table with balls and cues, rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese flower vases, first-rate oil-paintings and oleographs, handsome kerosine oil table and hanging lamps, real Persian and Brussels carpets, &c., &c.

Catalogues are ready and the property is on view.

On THURSDAY, the 29th instant, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "Anstey Lodge," Cumballa Hill, the valuable and handsome french-polished carved and plain blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese flower vases, first-rate pictures, table and hanging kerosine oil lamps, a handsome English-built four-seated canoe barouche by Rogers, a handsome English-built single seated office brougham, a pair of handsome well-matched grey walers about 15-2, a handsome grey Arab horse, a handsome grey riding horse, sets of plated and brass mounted single and double harness, gentleman's saddles, &c., the property of the Honourable Mr. Justice Pinhey.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

On SATURDAY, the 31st instant sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instucted to sell by Public Auction at Love Lane, Byculla, the valuable and handsome french-polished carved and plain blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, a first-class full-sized slate billiard table, by John Roberts, with billiard and pool balls, cues, marking board, &c., complete, rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese flower vases, first-rate pictures, handsome kerosine oil table and hanging lamps, superior Brussels carpets, &c., &c, the property of A. F. Soundy, Esq., changing his residence.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

SALE OF SUPERIOR FANCY WOOLLEN CLOTH.

[illegible]n SATURDAY, the 31st instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. [illegible]WFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their [illegible]s superior fancy woollen cloth for coats, trousers [illegible]es just landed ex s.s. Ravenna, consisting of hair[illegible] fancy, Scotch fancy, tweed, grey Derby fancy [illegible]e fancy, west stripe, Scotch tweed, brown [illegible]d worsted, Scotch tweed, drab hairline, [illegible]wn and black diagonal overcoating, brown, [illegible]nd oli[illegible] black, blue and olive, [illegible] brown [illegible] mix [illegible]elton, indigo, blue [illegible] nap, black and large and small cu[illegible] Oxford tweed, mix brown Moscow Sc[illegible]illed fancy, worsted solid corks, fancy s[illegible]d coating, check, &c. coating, Scotch fancy [illegible], fancy milled suiting. The pieces which are from 7 to 10 yards in length will be sold singly (one piece at a time to suit all buyers and will be on view 6 days before sale.

Under instructions from the Superintendent, Prince's Dock Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Dock premises on WEDNESDAY, the 11th November, at 2 p.m.

A quantity of grain sweepings, old wood, iron, &c.

On a date to be fixed hereafter Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Doongersy-road, Malabar Hill, the valuable and handsome french-polished carved and plain blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, handsome table ornaments and flower vases, brussels carpets, table and hanging lamps, handsome pictures, &c., &c., the property of Hormusjee Nusserwanjee, Esq., Solicitor.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the day of sale.

CRAWFORD & CO.
Bombay, 21st October, 1885.

FOR SALE, MANILLA and OILED COIR ROPE and CORDAGE. Apply to

OWEN & OKELL,
Agents to W. H. HARTON & Co., Calcutta.
Apollo Street, Bombay.

KEATING'S BONBONS or WORMS TABLETS.

A PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT, both an appearance and taste, furnishing a most agreeable method of administering the only certain remedy for INTESTINAL or THREAD WORMS. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and is especially adapted for Children. Sold in Bottles by all Chemists.

THE SCIENTIFIC SYSTEM OF DRESS CUTTING
ENABLES
EVERY LADY TO BE HER OWN DRESSMAKER.

BY this system you can cut any garment worn by Lady or child without the use of any paper patterns and with a saving of from 1½ to 3 yards of material. With the scientific system no trouble is incurred, if the instructions are followed (which any person can master without the least trouble) it is impossible to make a misfit. The system has been tested in all kinds of forms, and it will never fail to make a perfect fit.

Mrs. VOJEL, sole agent for the Scientific System, guarantees to instruct any lady, in a few easy lessons how cut from measure, any garment worn by lady or child, so that it will fit perfectly without alteration. Each lady will receive personal instructions till perfect for the sum of Rs. 30, including a complete set of instruments.

Apply by letter to "V.," care of this paper.

The S. S. have been awarded the only medal for dress-cutting of the International Health Exhibition.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 5, APOLLO-STREET.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 24th inst., at 1 p.m., Messrs BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Medows-street, Fort, the office furniture of Messrs. Henry Gluckmann & Co., consisting of tables, chairs, cupboards, harmonium, samples of different fancy articles, &c., &c., the same comprises samples of German damask, wollen cloth, hosiery buttons, combs, false gold thread mirrors, sewing thread, table lamps, glassware, ribbon, hand organ, baba toys, lady's and gentlemen's boots, shawls, alpaca, snuff boxes, pocket books, penknives, and many other sundry articles, also office furniture, such as writing tables of sizes, office chairs, bookstands, book cases, copying press, one very handsome mahogany book case, handsome blackwood and teakwood and household furniture, such as circular, side and writing tables easy folding and reclining chairs, conversation couches, chiffoneers, corner bookstands, teapoy with marble top, iron fourpost bedstead, dressing and washing tables almira with plate glass door, wardrobe, bath tubs, cooking utensils, &c.

The above is on view.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 24th instant, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, &c.

1 double-pole tent 22 by 22.
1 D. B. C. F. No. 12 Gun by Hollis in case.

AT 1-30 P.M.

1 handsome strong glass fronted miniature brougham in very good order.
1 strong second hand buggy in very good order.
1 strong grey country-bred pony 12-2, 6 years old, sound and fast.
1 thoroughbred Bull Slut.
1 handsome strong bay polo-pony in excellent condition.
1 handsome strong mail-phaeton in very good order, suitable for single or pair.
1 handsome strong English-built glass-fronted miniature brougham by Cooper, of London.
1 handsome strong English-built glass-fronted miature brougham by Windover in very good order, with handsome strong iron grey horse harness.
1 handsome English-built high wheeled dog-cart by Windover.
1 handsome strong glass-fronted miniature brougham with a handsome fast trotting brown horse and harness.

BONA FIDE SALE.

On MONDAY, the 26th, and TUESDAY, the 27th inst., at 1 p.m., each day, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "The Ridge," Westropp's House, Malabar Hill, the very valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood french-polished household furniture made to order, by "Wimbridge," handsome blackwood richly open carved drawing-room furniture, suitable for presentation at Home, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, a mahogany case containing best plated spoons and forks for 24 persons, a first-rate mahogany full-sized slate billiard table by "J. Roberts and Co.," with balls, pyramid balls, cues, lamps, &c., complete, a handsome mahogany full-sized semi-grand piano by "Schroeder," real Persian and English Brussels carpets and rugs, oil-paintings and oleographs, handsome large figures in terra cotta on handsome stands, brass four-post bedsteads, marble baths, one pair of very handsome Brown Australian geldings, handsome strong English-built single-seated brougham, by "Kesterton," one handsome strong English-built mail-phaeton by "Barker" of Chandos-street, sets of plated and brass mounted double harness, a large collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c., &c., the property of C. T. Meili, Esq. The same comprises rich star cut glassware, very handsome superior porcelain dinner, dessert and breakfast services, best electro platedware, such as cruet stand with 8 bottles breakfast, cruet, tea sets epergne on very handsome mahogany case containing best electroplated spoons, forks, fruit and fish knives and forks, cutlery, &c., complete for 24 persons, a mahogany case containing 1 pair fruit knives and forks, 12 pair fish knives and forks cutlery, &c., very handsome blackwood teakwood substantial made household furniture by "Wimbridge," such as a large dining table for 16 persons, specially designed, sideboard, dumb waiter and cabinet with mirror back, dining room, arm and without arm chairs, handsome drawing-room elaborately open carved furniture, suitable for presentation at home, such as centro ottoman couches easy prideu and drawing room chairs, pier side oblong card tables chiffoniers centre flower stands bookstands, a handsome mahogany full-toned semi-grand pianoforte, a handsome mahogany full size slate billiard table by John Roberts and Co., with balls, cues, pool and marking board, lamp, &c., handsome China and Japanese flower vases, very handsome large size old bronze flower vases, large size pier glasses in guilt frame, rich Persian and Brussels carpets, first-rate oil paintings and oleographs in rich gilt frame, door curtains, large size terra cota figures on stands, Hink's patent duplex table kerosine lamps, handsome brass four post bedsteads, very handsome dressing table with glass attached and washing table with marble top, a handsome large almira with side wings and plate glass door in centre bed-room sofa and chairs, towel horses, settee couches, very handsome large size glass door book case, lady's davenport small book case on stand, office chairs marble, bath tubs dispence articles, cooking utensils, a collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c.

At 2 p.m. on MONDAY, the 26th instant,

1 handsome strong English-built single-seated brougham by Kesterton.
1 handsome English-built mail-phaeton by Barker, of Chandos Street.
1 pair handsome fast-trotting brown Australian geldings.

Sets of brass and plated, mounted, double and single harness.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

N. B.—The plants will be sold at 4 p.m. on the first day. Horses and carriages will also be sold on the first day at 2 p.m.

The property of another gentleman.

1 handsome strong built wagonette.

Catalogues will be published, and the property is now on view.

AUCTION SALE of a large quantity of grey and colored piece goods at the godowns of Messrs Ralli Brothers Rampart Row, Fort.

On WEDNESDAY, the 28th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by public auction at the abovementioned place.

A large quantity of grey and colored piece goods consisting of grey shirtings, madapolians, jaconets, drill, dhotees, white jaconets and mulls &c. &c.

On THURSDAY, the 29th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the "Freemason's Hall," Nesbit Lane Byculla, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood french-polished, plain and carved household furniture, best platedware by Elkington and other well known makers, rich glass and crockeryware, Brussels and Combay carpets superior Hink's patent pedestal and wall lamps, hanging argand lustres by Tucker, superior large size oleographs and other pictures in gilt frame, pier glasses, handsome table ornaments, dispense and bath-room furniture, &c. the property of Henry Trimming, Esq.

The property will be on view four days before the sale.

BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, 23rd October, 1885.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.

SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL	£3,200,000
RESERVE FUND	£800,000

LONDON BANKERS
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON,
Messrs. C J. HAMBRO & SON.

LONDON OFFICE—52, THREADNEEDLE STREET E. C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS	are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS	are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT	payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on	Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.

M. BLUM, Acting Manager.
Rampart Row, W.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA (Ld.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on Current Deposit Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no Interest will be allowed on balances under Rs. 1,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives money on fixed Deposits at the following rates of Interest:—

5 per cent. per annum for 12 months deposit.

The Bank's terms for Deposits for a shorter period can be ascertained on application at the office.

EXCHANGE.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills payable in London, Calcutta, Madras, Kurrachee, and Colombo. It also grants Drafts on London and its Branches and Agencies at the Current Rates of Exchange.

By Order of the Directors,
Wm. A. BAKER, Manager.

NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION, Limited.

PAID-UP CAPITAL.........£500,000.

LONDON BANKERS:
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
BANK OF SCOTLAND.

DEPOSITS are received at the undermentioned Rates of Interest:—

FIXED, for 12 months .... 5 per cent. per annum.
,, ,, 6 ,, ... 4 per cent. ,,

and for other periods subject to special arrangement.

INTEREST at 2 per cent. is allowed on current account daily balances not exceeding Rs. 25,000.

DRAFTS granted on London, Scotland, and Ireland and the Bank's Agencies in the East.

SECURITIES received for Custody; no commission charged on withdrawal. Interest and Dividends collected and the [illegible] purchase and sale of Securities effected.

CLAIMS on the Official Liquidator of the Oriental Bank Corporation are purchased for cash or exchanged for Fixed Deposits of the New Oriental Bank on terms to be learned on application.

A. F. SIMPSON, Manager,
Bombay Branch.

WINES SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

NOTICE.

PHIPSON & Co. are now IMPORTING WINES from the LEADING CONTINENTAL HOUSES, from whom the Clubs and Messes obtain their supplies, thus removing the difficulty so often experienced by Europeans in this country of obtaining thoroughly sound Wines at a moderate cost.

For List of Prices apply to

THE HEAD GODOWN-KEEPER,
18, Forbes Street, Bombay.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion Rs. 5; Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horse broken to single and double harness, in the yards single Rs. 15, double Rs. 30.) The Horse Shoeing Forge is under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier and every class of shoeing done.

THE undersigned beg most respectfully to draw the attention of their customers to the following large consignment of MISCELLANEOUS GOODS, that are of late imported per S. S. Ravenna:—

Ellwood hats, (different shapes and size), Rs. 7.
Madras shape Gentleman's felt hats, Rs. 12
Hunting hats, brown and white, Rs. 10
Tweed hats with flap, from Rs. 2 to 2½.
Felt hunting hats, Rs. 7.
Ellwood helmets, Rs. 10
Hox maker helmets, Rs. 15.
Madras felt helmets, Rs. 15.
Broadcloth dress suit, from Rs. 70 to 90.
Coating cloth morning suit at Rs. 40 and 45.
Cashmere Coat and Trouser at Rs. 30, 25, 20, 15, 12.
Collars at Rs. 4 and 5 a dozen.
Neckties of miscellaneous colours from as. 12 to Rs. 2
White kid-gloves Rs. 2½ a pair.
Silk skin-caps, from Rs. 5 to 10.
Bedford-cloth breeches for riding at Rs. 20 and 25.
Broadcloth peon coat, red Turkish turban, and belt, Rs. 12.

ESSUBJEE ADUMJEE & Co.,
Meadows-street, Fort, Bombay.

GRAND
COTTAGE
PIANOFORTES.

MARCKS & CO., Limited, have the largest Depôt of the BEST PIANOS ONLY from such Makers as have established for themselves an unquestionable reputation, both in Europe and abroad, and being such large Importers of these Instruments, are in a position to sell them in India almost at Home Prices. The Cottage Pianofortes detailed below are magnificent instruments and specially manufactured for the Indian Climate; for richness of tone, durability and power they are unsurpassed.

SYMPATHETIC COTTAGE PIANOFORTE.

On the improved Principle, solid Iron Frame, perfect action, ful compass, sweet tone and powerful, solid Walnut, 4 ft. 2 in. high, 4 ft 8 in. wide, 2 ft. 2½ in. deep.
Cash, with Order, Rs. 600.
One Year Purchase-System...... ......per month Rs. 55
Two Years' Purchase-System.......... ,, ,, 30

SYMPATHETIC COTTAGE PIANOFORTE, with moveable Keyboard, One Tone only.

On the improved Principle, solid Iron Frame, perfect action, full compass, sweet tone and powerful, solid Walnut, 4 ft. 2 in. high, 4 ft. 8 in. wide, 2 ft 2½ in. deep. By a simple mechanism the tone of this instrument may be lowered or raised one Tone.
Case, with Order, Rs. 630.
One Year Purchase-System.........per month Rs. 57 12
Two Years' Purchase-System......... ,, ,, 31 8

POWERFUL COTTAGE PIANOFORTE, with moveable Keyboard. Ten Tones.

With all the latest improvements, great volume of tone, solid Iron Frame, check action, &c., 4 ft. 4 in. high, 5 ft. wide, 2 ft. 2 in. deep.
Cash, with Order, Rs. 775.
One Year Purchase-System....................per month Rs. 64 8
Two Years' Purchase-System .... ,, ,, 37 4

BRINSMEAD GRAND COTTAGE.

A superb instrument, and of unquestionable manufacture. In solid Mahogany, Iron Frame, 4 ft. 2 in. high, 4 ft. 8 in. wide, 2 ft. 2 in. deep.
Cash, with Order, Rs. 1,000.
One Year Purchase-System.....................per month Rs. 91
Two Years' Purchase-System.................... ,, ,, 50

MARCKS AND COMPANY, LIMITED,
WATCH MANUFACTURERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE HOMEWARD SEASON, 1885.

THORPE AND CO.

HAVE a large assortment of useful Requisites for Homeward-bound Passengers and Travellers, very moderate in price, and ready for Immediate Use, or made to measure a few hours after the Order is given

PRICE LIST.

	Rs. a. Rs. a.		Rs. a.
Deck Suits for Morning Wear	7 8 to 16 8	Ladies' Sun Hats	5 0
Travelling Suits	25 0 to 28 0	Overland Chairs	4 8
Warm Suits Cheviot, &c.	28 0 to 35 0	Despatch Boxes	18 8
Warm Overcoats or Ulsters	38 0 to 50 0	Tan Canvas Leggings	5 8
Best White Shirt Bands	each 4 4	Money Belts, Solid Leather, with 2 Pockets	5 8
Do. do. Collars	,, 4 8	Money Belts, Pockets all round, from Rs. 2-8 to	4 8
Best Oxford do.	,, 5 0	Block Tin Collar Boxes	3 8
Best Flannel and Silk Wool	,, 8 0	China Grass Slippers	1 0
Cardigan Jackets, very warm	10 0 to 12 8	Morocco Slippers	3 8
Dressing Gowns	10 8 to 25 0	Brown Leather Slippers	2 12
Warm Lamb's-Wool Undervests	each 6 0	Brown or White Canvas Shoes	5 8
Do. do. Pants	pair 6 0	Cholera Belts, best Flannel	2 8
Brown Cotton Socks	per doz. 8 8	Champagne or Sodawater Taps	2 12
Superior Merino Socks	per doz. 20 0	Marine or Saltwater Soap per packet	1 0
Very Warm Lamb's-Wool Socks	per doz. 25 0	Eau de Cologne with wicker cover	2 4
Ribbed Hand-Knitted Socks	do. 30 0	Assorted Perfumes per bottle	2 8
Knicker-bocker Hose, Hand-Knitted	pair 3 8	Travelling Pillows each	1 8
Heather Ribbed Cotton	pair 3 8	Resais or Quilts from	5 0
Gauze Merino Undervests	per ½ doz. 12 0	Scotch Mauds and Rugs from	16 0
Extra Superior Gauze Vests	do. 15 0	Cambric Handkerchiefs per doz.	5 0
Stout Merino Vests	each 5 8	Metal Soap Boxes from	1 8
Stout Merino Pants	each 6 8	Sponges from	1 8
Gauze Merino Pants	each 6 8	Sponge Bags	1 8
Warm Gloves	1 8	Rug Straps	1 8
Warm Mufflers	2 0	Leather Purses	2 0
Travelling Caps	4 0	Sovereign Boxes	2 12
Best Tweed Hats	4 8	Razors, ready for use	2 0
Best Linen Collars, all shapes	doz. 5 12	Shaving Brushes	2 0
Linen Faced Collars	doz. 0 12	Nail Brushes	1 0
Best Linen Cuffs	doz. 10 0	Tooth Brushes	0 8
Linen Faced Cuffs	doz. 1 8	Hair Brushes	4 0
Overland Trunks, best make,	from 27 0	Military Hair Brushes in leather case	10 8
Solid Leather Portmanteaux	40 0	Nail Scissors from 1-8 to	2 0
Railway Portmanteaux	13 0	Hold-alls with Strong Leather Straps from	10 8
Tan Canvas Courier Bags	8 0	Waterproof Dressing Cases, Holding Sponge, Tooth, Hair and Nail Brushes, &c.	8
Soiled Linen Bags	5 0	Vulcanized India-rubber Travelling Baths	15 8
Gladstone or Expanding Bags	28 0	Waterproof Coats	7 8
Solid Leather Dressing Cases, fitted complete	from 13 8	Air Pillows	8
Travelling Baths, with inside basket	from 30 0	Air Cushions	0
Travelling Canteens, fitted complete	from 33 0		
Ladies' Air-tight Dress Boxes, in Cases	28 0 to 38 0		

Celluloid Collar, Cuffs, and Shirt Fronts.

THORPE AND CO.,
☞ NOTE THE CHANGE OF ADDRESS—
RAMPART-ROW, BOMBAY.

FAVRE-LEUBA AND CO.
WATCHMAKERS, JEWELLERS, CHAINMAKERS.
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, SECUNDRABAD.
BY APPOINTMENT TO H. H. THE NIZAM, G. C. S. I.

Rs. 35. For Rs. 35. we send to any part of India free of postage and packing charges our celebrated

SILVER LEVER WATCH.
in hunting or half hunting case.

Above "Speciality" cannot be surpassed in quality. We only repeat what is said by all who posses, one of these watches:

"It is the best watch I ever had in my life, and I never miss an opportunity to recommend it to others."—Guarantee 3 years. No discount

Rs. 25. For Rs. 25. we send to any part of India, free of all expenses and under guarantee of two years our famous.

ORIGINAL CAMPAIGN KEYLESS LEVER WATCH IN CRYSTAL FACED WHITE METAL CASE.

These watches are well known enough to need no further recommendation.

The same watch in hunting case Rs. 28
Do. in half hunting case ,, 30

Major H. W. A., 9th Lancers Umballa writes, I send you the campaign watch you sent me to Cabul in 1879. For the first time it has now got out of order. Similar acknowledgments of the usefulness of these watches we receive almost daily.

Above 2 Specialities of our manufacture can only be had direct from our establishments at Bombay, Calcutta, and Secundrabad. We do not sell these watches to the trade.

FAVRE-LEUBA & CO.

ORGUINETTE MUSIC.
ROLLS OF MUSIC. FOR STYLE H 8 INCHES WIDE.

No. 10.
88 ft. long. Rs. 18.
Bay of Biscay.
Believe me.
Bonnie Prince Charlie.
Champagne Charlie.
Cheer, Boys, Cheer.
Cherry Ripe.
Come where my Love.
Empty Cradle.
Gaily through life I wander.
Gipsy's Warning.
God bless the Prince of Wales.
In the Gloaming.
Irish Washerwoman.
Isle Beauty.
Kate Kearney.

No. 11.
92 ft. long Rs. 18.
Kathleen Mavourneen.
Lardy Dah.
Listen to the Mocking Bird.
Love among the Roses.
Marseillaise Hymn.
Mary of Argyle.
Meet me by Moonlight.
March of the Men of Harlech.
Minstrel Boy.
Mill Wheel.
Molly Darling.
Sweet Mary Ann.
Oh George, tell them to stop.
On yonder rock.

No. 12.
85 feet long. Rs. 17.
Over the Garden Wall.
Rule, Britannia.
Sally in our alley.
Scots wha hae.
She wore a wreath of Roses.
Should he upbraid.
Still so gently.
The Anchor's Weighed.
Midshipmite.
Campbells are coming.
Tom Bowling.
Tommy make room for your Uncle.
When the Swallows.
Within a mile of Edinbro'

No. 14.
75 feet long. Rs. 15.
Auld Lang Syne.
Annie Laurie.
Blue Bells of Scotland.
Grandfather's Clock.
Glory Hallelujah.
Home, sweet Home.
Last Rose of Summer.
Marching thro' Georgia.
Nancy Lee.
Old Folks at Home.
Robin Adair.
Rally round the Flag.
Silver Threads.
Scots wha hae.
St. Patrick's Day.
Tara's Harp.
Tramp, Tramp.
Watch on Rhine.
Yankee Doodle.

No. 15.
50 ft. long Rs. 10
All the way my Saviour leads.
Hold the Fort.
I need Thee every Hour.
Pull for the Shore.
Precious Name of Jesus.
Ring the Bells of Heaven.
Rock of Ages.
Sweet by and bye.
Sun of my Soul.
Sweet Hour of Prayer.
Tell me the old, old story.
The home over there.
We shall meet beyond the river.
Watchman, tell us of the night

No. 16.
100 ft. long Rs. 20.
Blue Danube.
Guards Waltz.
Wine, Women and Song.

No. 17.
100 ft. long Rs. 20.
Bric-a-Brac Polka.
Kutschke ,,
Blue Alsatian Waltz.
Corn Flower.

No. 18.
91 ft. long. Rs 18
Turkish Patrol.
Sir Roger de Coverley.
Bonne Bouche Polka.
Bon Bon.
The bloom is on the rye.
There's nae luck.
I dreamt I dwelt.
The Bailiff's Daughter.
The Chorister.
In the North Sea.
The Mistletoe Bough.
Prithee, pretty Maiden.
The Ratcatcher's Daughter.

COMPLETE DETAILED CATALOGUES OF THE ABOVE FREE.

S. ROSE & CO., BOMBAY.

PURE BORDEAUX.

DR. DRUITT highly recommends this Wine as an appetising, refreshing and safe beverage, for residents in hot climates. Suitable Claret may have cold water added in proportion to consumers' tastes; such beverage assuages thirst most effectually. Avoid cheap imitations of Bourdeaux.

Cash Rs. 10-8 per 1 doz. bottles, or Rs. 12-8 per 2 doz. ½ bottles.

Apply to CUTLER, PALMER & CO.
BOMBAY.

STONE'S LGA LIGHT GRAVITY ALE

Specially brewed to meet the present demand for light Ale

STONE'S BASS' INDIA PALE ALE
(AS HITHERTO SHIPPED)

May be obtained of all the principal dealers in India.

STONE & SON,
9 ST. MILDRED'S COURT, LONDON, E.C.

HOME!! HOME!!!
SPECIAL LIST OF REQUISITES.
FOR THE VOYAGE.

	Rs. a.		Rs. a.
Gent's Overcoats and Ulsters	Rs. 45 to 50 0	Ladies' Dressing Gowns each	15 0
Gent's Deck Suits	each 10 0	Ladies' Bonnet Boxes Rs. 8-4 to	11 8
Gent's Dressing Gowns	Rs. 10 to 25 0	Ladies' Straw Hats trimmed	8 0
Gent's Deck Shoes	Rs. 4-8 to 10 0	Ladies' warm Stockings, pair	2 4
Chairs, strong and light	Rs 8 to 12 0	Marine Soap per tablet	0 8
White Shirts	½ doz. Rs. 22 to 30 0	Sun Umbrellas each	4 8
Cambric Shirts	½ doz. 30 0	The Victoria Wrapper each	16 4
Oxford Shirts	½ doz. 33 0	Rugs and Mauds Rs. 13-8 to	33 0
Flannel Shirts	each 8 8	Gent's Undervests each	2 0
Celluloid Collars	each 0 12	Gent's Seamless Socks doz.	3 0
Soiled Linen Bags	Rs. 5 to 6 0	Pocket Handkerchieves doz.	5 0
Overland Trunks	22 0	Rug Straps Re. 1-4 to	7 8
Leather Portmanteaux	Rs. 15 to 21 0	Cambric Ties doz.	3 8
Hold-alls, specially useful	Rs. 17 to 20 0	Money Belts each	2 8

Suits, Ulsters, Overcoats, &c., made to measure at a few hours' notice.

BADHAM, PILE AND CO., LD.,
BOMBAY POONA & SECUNDERABAD.

MRS. LAKE'S
POONA BRANCH ESTABLISHMENT

Will be Closed from the 25th instant, after which date, all orders should be addressed

MRS. LAKE,
MILLINER AND DRESSMAKER.
7, Church Gate Street, Fort,
BOMBAY.

NOTICES.

A LARGE NUMBER of ARAB and PERSIAN HORSES arrived yesterday by the s. s. MOBELL, at Bhendy Bazar Stable, suitable for Chargers, Hunters and Hacks; there are also some nice Ponies in the lot.

ABDOOL RUZAK BIN DOOBECHEL.

SWIFT & FARROW,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.
UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OUTSTANDING DEBTS.
No. 9 HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SUMS PAID in discharge of Death claims under

STANDARD POLICIES
during the last three years

In 1882 there was paid ... £505,936-19-5
,, 1883 ,, ... 508,144-13-4
,, 1884 ,, ... 549,974-10-10

THE FUNDS show a steady increase and now amount to

£6,466,527-17-5.

Invested only in unexceptionable securities.

Prospectuses and forms of Proposal on application to SECRETARY, STANDARD LIFE OFFICE, 38, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

MAP OF CHINA
AND
SEAT OF WAR IN THE FAR EAST.
Size, 36 inches × 30 inches.
Mounted on Cloth and Rollers.
COLOURED.
Price, Re. 1; postage, one anna.
To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

INDIAN ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY,
(SOCIETE L'ECLAIRAGE ELECTRIQUE, PARIS.)
PAID-UP CAPITAL, FCS. 6,500,000.
OUR PRICES DEFY ALL COMPETITION.
HIGHEST REWARDS AT ALL THE EXHIBITIONS.

ELECTRIC MACHINES for 10 Incandescent Lamps..Rs. 350
Do. for 6 arc lights 2,000 Candles, each ,, 1,200
Do. 10 do. 500 do. ... ,, 1,200

SWAN'S AND OTHER INCANDESCENT LAMPS.
OUR PATENT WICK CARBONS give the steadiest light.
JABLOCHKOFF CANDLES improved-make.
INSULATED CABLE, GLOBES and other accessories.

NOTE:—OUR MACHINES work with LOW TENSION currents and do not present the dangers of other systems.

F. FISCHER,
Agent and General Manager for India.
41, Meadow-street.

PERRY DAVIS VEGETABLE PAINKILLER.

Perry Davis & Son, Manufacturers and Proprietors, Providence, Rhode Island, U. S. A.

UNSURPASSED AS A FAMILY MEDICINE AFTER FORTY YEARS' TRIAL.

IT is a purely and carefully prepared VEGETABLE COMPOUND, And complete mitigator of Pain.

A capital antidote for SCORPION STINGS and SNAKE-BITES.

AS an application for BRUISES, BURNS, NEURALGIA and RHEUMATISM it has no equal.

AS A REMEDY FOR DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA.

Or any sort of Bowel Complaints, it stands alone for efficiency and rapidity of action.

Full Directions accompany each bottle.

Retailed by chemists all over the world.

Beware of imitations exposed for sale in the Indian Bazaars.

GENERAL AGENT AT BOMBAY
ESUFALLY HIPTOOLA,
No. 9, Peer Market near Jumma Musjid.

J. NEUBERG,
5, Meadow Street.

REAL MANILLA
CIGARS AND CHEROOTS,
"Cavite" Brand,
Extra fine quality and size,
The finest production of the Manillas and Choicest Importation of the Season,
Carefully selected by Mr. Neuberg's special agent at
MANILLA.
"PRIMA, PRIMA QUALITE."

No. 1 CIGARS,
"Cavites."
Rs 90 per 1,000.
Per Box of 50, Rs. 5.

No. 2 CIGARS,
"Cavites."
Rs. 60 per 1,000.
Per Box of 100, Rs. 6-8.

No. 2 CHEROOTS,
"Cavites."
Rs. 60 per 1,000.
Per Box of 100, Rs. 6-8.

No. 3 CIGARS,
"Cavites."
Rs. 40 per 1,000
Per Box of 200, Rs. 9.

JAVA CIGARS.
SPECIALLY RECOMMENDED.
MILD, MELLOW AND FREE.

		Per 1,000	Per box of 100
FLOR DE JAVA,	"COQUETAS"	Rs. 30	Rs. 3 8
Do.	"TRABUCOS"	35	,, 4 0
Do.	"ROYALS"	40	,, 4 8
Do.	"ATALANTA"	,, 45	,, 5 0

Samples forwarded on Application.

J. NEUBERG,
MEADOW-STREET, BOMBAY.

INSURANCES.

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY
FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE.
CAPITAL—£2,500,000.
FUNDS EXCEED—£1,950,000.

THE above Company INSURES almost every description of FIRE and SEA RISK and also accepts LIFE PROPOSALS at advantageous Rates.

WALLACE & Co., Agents,
4, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.
ESTABLISHED IN 1834.
LARGE REDUCTION OF PREMIUM
ON PARTICIPATING POLICIES
6 YEARS IN FORCE.
EQUAL TO 45 PER CENT.

SPECIAL REDUCED RATES upon ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES payable at 10 years or before e, at death.

Full particulars upon application to

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ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.
Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 20th October, 1885.

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